

# Computer Controlled Batch Solvent **Extraction and Desolventising Unit,**

with SCADA





# Key features:

- > Advanced Real-Time SCADA.
- > Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.
- Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on LabVIEW.
- > National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).
- Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.
- > Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.
- Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses,
- Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.
- Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).
- Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.
- Optional ICAI software to create, edit and carry out practical exercises, tests, exams, calculations, etc.
  - Apart from monitoring user's knowwledge and progress reached.
- > This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

**OPEN CONTROL** MULTICONTROL REAL TIME CONTROL

> www.edibon.com Units
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For more information about Key Features, click here













### INTRODUCTION

Solvent extraction, as the name itself suggests, is a process to extract oil from materials through solvents.

Oil has been obtained from different types of vegetables for centuries. There are several extraction methods: pressure extraction, solvent extraction and a combined system. The solvent extraction method is characterized by its great yield, its low workmanship requirements and the possibility to recover used solvents. Therefore, it is the most efficient method.

Oil solvent extraction from an oily seed is a process used in almost all plants working with these products.

There is a number of factors that influences the extraction process. They are directly related to the solvent:

Extraction time.

Solvent temperature.

Amount of solvent.

Type of solvent.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Computer Controlled Batch Solvent Extraction and Desolventising Unit "QEDC" is a batch process unit able to perform different solid/liquid extractions. It is especially suitable for extracting oil from oily seeds and to remove the solvent both from the extracted solids and mixtures. Furthermore, several factors that influence the extraction process can be studied with this unit.

The cylindrical extractor/desolventiser tank with a hinged lid for charging the extraction material has a base slightly inclined towards a port to discharge the extracted and desolventised meal. Material is supported above the base by a perforated plate covered with a fine woven mesh, so solvent may drain through to the miscella tank whilst retaining the solids.

The tank base is equipped with an indirect steam chest for process heating. Direct steam is injected through a distribution pipe positioned above the mesh. A similar distribution pipe positioned near the top of the tank allows solvent to be sprayed uniformly onto the bed of material. This tank is equipped with a sight glass so that the processes can be observed and monitored.

The miscella tank, positioned directly below the extractor to collect the draining liquid, is also a cylindrical vessel incorporating a steam chest as its base and has a base slightly inclined towards a port for discharging the extracted and the dissolvent.

This tank also incorporates a direct steam distribution pipe through which steam can be sprayed uniformly onto the bed of material. This tank is equipped with a suitable level viewer.

The extractor/desolventiser tank and the miscella tank incorporate two safety valves to limit the working pressure to 0.9 bar in order to prevent the vapour condenser inlet pressure exceeding the working pressure in that condenser at the vapour side.

Vapour from the tanks, produced in the desolventising process, is directed by ducting to the solvent condenser and inclined cylindrical glass tube containing a double coil, through which cooling water is circulated. The covers of this condenser are made of stainless steel. The condenser water inlet is controlled by a pressure regulator so that the operating pressure range is not exceed. Thus, the glass coil is prevented from breaking.

Condensate (usually a mixture of solvent and water) drains into the solvent water tank which allows thorough separation of the solvent and water by a gravity process. Note: Only hexane or solvents having a similar specific gravity can be effectively separated in this tank.

Solvent reclaimed from this tank can then be recirculated by the solvent pump at a regulated rate. Excess water overflows to a waste water tank from where it can be disposed of on completion of the process.

Operation at reduced system pressures are achieved by a PTFE double diaphragm type vacuum pump. The outlet of this pump is piped through a flame arrester to a suitable ventilation point.

Each tank is equipped with suitable level viewer or sight glasses so that the processes can be observed and monitored. Pressure and temperature sensors are supplied where necessary, as are adequate sampling and drain valves.

Hexane is the most widely used solvent in the extraction processes and due to the inflammable nature of this product electrical equipment has been kept to a minimum.

Modes of operation:

1. Extraction by washing with clean solvent:

This involves priming the solvent/water separator tank with solvent and pumping the solvent to the extractor where it percolates through the material bed and drains as miscella in the tank for recirculation.

2. Extraction by recirculating miscella:

As miscella is formed, steam admitted to the miscella tank causes solvent to evaporate. The vapour is condensed in the solvent condenser and returns to the separator tank from which it is pumped back to the extractor tank.

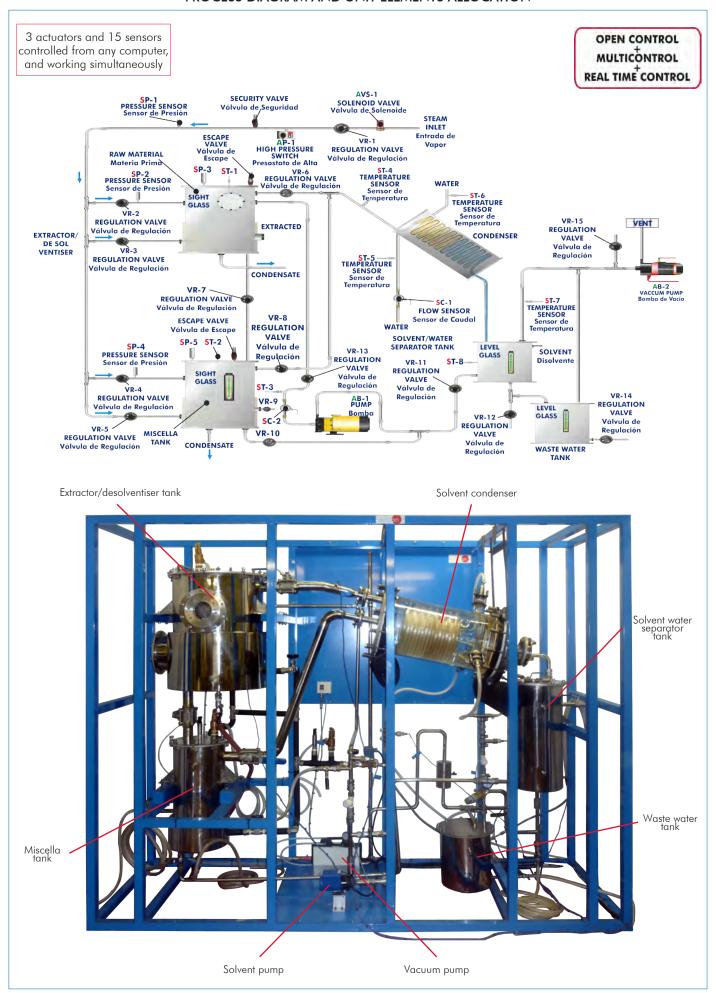
3. Desolventising extracted material:

When the extraction is complete, the solvent remaining in the material is removed using a combination of steam (direct and indirect) and vacuum. The solvent vapourises and is condensed in the solvent condensate. The mixture of solvent and water is separated in the solvent water separator tank by a gravity process. When the extracted material is free of solvent it is discharged through the door at the base of the extractor.

4. Desolventising miscella:

Miscella is a mixture of solvent and oil from the extraction material which accumulates in the miscella tank during the extraction process. The solvent and oil are separated using a combination of steam (direct and indirect) and vacuum.

This Computer Controlled Unit is supplied with the EDIBON Computer Control System (SCADA), and includes: The unit itself + a Control Interface Box + a Data Acquisition Board + Computer Control, Data Acquisition and Data Management Software Packages, for controlling the process and all parameters involved in the process.



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With this unit there are several options and possibilities:

- Main items: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.
- Optional items: 7, 8, 9 and 10.

Let us describe first the main items (1 to 6):

#### ① QEDC. Unit:

Metallic structure and panels in painted steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

All the vessels, valves and accessories in contact with the process materials are made of stainless steel, except the solvent condenser (made of borosilicate glass) and safety valves (made of brass). Viewers are made of PTFE and Neoceram.

#### **Extractor tank:**

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel, with a hinged lid and equipped with an indirect steam chest for process heating and a sight glass of neoceram. The vessel has a base inclined slightly towards a port for discharging the extracted and desolventised meal and a perforated plate covered with a fine woven mesh so solvent may drain through to the miscella tank whilst retaining the solids.

Direct steam and solvent are injected through two distribution pipe.

Volume: 100 l.

Direct steam: 0 - 0.9 bar. Indirect steam: 0-3.5 bar.

#### Miscella tank:

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel, equipped with an indirect steam chest for process heating and a level viewer. The vessel has a base inclined slightly towards a port for discharging the extracted and solvent.

Direct steam is injected through a distribution pipe.

Volume: 30  $\,$  l. Direct steam: 0 - 0.9 bar. Indirect steam: 0 -3.5 bar.



Unit: QEDC

#### Solvent condenser:

Condensing capacity: 2.5kW. Condensing area: 2.5m². Cooling medium: water. Cooling water flow range: 0 - 22 l./min. Maximum working pressure: 1.0 bar.

# Solvent water separator tank:

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel equipped with a level viewer. Volume of separator section: 16 l. Volume of solvent store: 16 l.

#### Waste water tank:

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel equipped with a level viewer. Volume: 15 1.

## Solvent pump:

With bypass flow control. It includes an online Y filter made of stainless steel.

Vacuum pump: Type: double PTFE diaphragm. Operating pressure: 100 mbar (max).

8 Temperature sensors, "J" type. 5 Pressure sensors , range: 0-10 bar. 2 Flow sensors, range: 1.5-30 l./min.

The inlet of vapour incorporates a safety valve to limit the working pressure to 4.0 bar, and the extractor/desolventiser tank and the miscella tank incorporate two safety valves to limit the working pressure to 0.9 bar.

An electronic solenoid valve and a pressure switch (4 bar).

A flame arrester at the vacuum pump outlet to obtain a suitable ventilation. Any flashback will be extinguished, so that the unit is not damaged upstream.

Modes of operation:

Extraction by washing with clean solvent. Extraction by recirculating miscella.

Desolventising extracted material.

Desolventising miscella.

The complete unit includes as well:

# Advanced Real-Time SCADA.

Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.

Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on LabVIEW.

National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).

Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.

Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.

Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.

Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.

Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).

Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.

Optional ICAI software to create, edit and carry out practical exercises, tests, exams, calculations, etc.

Apart from monitoring user's knowwledge and progress reached.

This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

## ② QEDC/CIB. Control Interface Box:

The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system.

Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel and with the same distribution that the different elements located in the unit, for an easy understanding by the student.

All sensors, with their respective signals, are properly manipulated from -10V. to +10V. computer output.

Sensors connectors in the interface have different pines numbers (from 2 to 16), to avoid connection errors.

Single cable between the control interface box and computer.

The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled, without necessity of changes or connections during the whole process test procedure.

Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process. Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

Storage of all the process data and results in a file.

Graphic representation, in real time, of all the process/system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

All the actuators and sensors values and their responses are displayed on only one screen in the computer.

Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.

Real time computer control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the parameters, at any moment during the process.

Real time computer control for pumps, compressors, heating elements, control valves, etc.

Real time computer control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

**Open control** allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.

#### 3 DAB. Data Acquisition Board:

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system.

**PCI Express Data acquisition board (National Instruments)** to be placed in a computer slot. Bus PCI Express.

#### Analog input:

Number of channels = 16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution = 16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Input range (V)= $\pm$ 10 V. Data transfers=DMA, interrupts, programmed I/O. DMA channels=6.

#### Analog output:

Number of channels=2. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Maximum output rate up to: 900 KS/s.

Output range(V) =  $\pm 10$  V. Data transfers = DMA, interrupts, programmed I/0.

#### Digital Input/Output:

Number of channels=24 inputs/outputs. D0 or DI Sample Clock frequency: 0 to 100 MHz.

Timing: Number of Counter/timers=4. Resolution: Counter/timers: 32 bits.

# @ QEDC/CCSOF. Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software:

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems. Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in screen. **Compatible with the industry standards**.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

#### (5) Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

#### **6 Manuals**

This unit is **supplied with 8 manuals**: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

\*References 1 to 6 are the main items: QEDC + QEDC/CIB + DAB + QEDC/CCSOF + Cables and Accessories + Manuals are included in the minimum supply for enabling normal and full operation.



QEDC/CIB



DAB

SERSON ROT

QEDC/CCSOF

### EXERCISES AND PRACTICAL POSSIBILITIES TO BE DONE WITH THE MAIN ITEMS

- 1.- Operation of small scale version of industrial processes.
- 2.- Effect of degree of pretreatment of solid material on extraction efficiency.
- 3.- Effect of extraction time.
- 4.- Effect of drain time.
- 5.- Effect of solvent type.
- 6.- Effect of solvent percolation rate.
- 7.- Effect of process temperature.
- 8.- Effect of process pressure.
- 9.- Method of solvent recovery.
- 10.- Degree of solvent recovery.

Additional practical possibilities:

11.- Sensors calibration.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

12.-Many students view results simultaneously.
To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a

projector or an electronic whiteboard.

13.-Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 14.-The Computer Control System with SCADA allows a real industrial simulation.
- 15.-This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 16.-This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 17.-This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 18.-Control of the QEDC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 19.-Visualization of all the sensors values used in the QEDC unit process.
- By using PLC-Pl additional 19 more exercises can be done.
- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

#### REQUIRED SERVICES

- Electrical supply: single-phase, 220V./50Hz or 110V./60Hz.
- Steam supply (10 20 Kg/h, 6 8 bar max. pressure).
- Water supply (25 I./min., 3.0 (minimum) 5.0 (maximum) bar pressure.
- Computer.

# DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

### QEDC:

Unit :

-Dimensions: 1750 x1000 x 2000 mm. approx.

(68.89 x 39.37 x 78.74 inches approx.).

-Weight: 850 Kg. approx.

(1873.92 pounds approx.).

Control Interface Box:

-Dimensions:490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx.

(19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.).

-Weight: 10 Kg. approx.

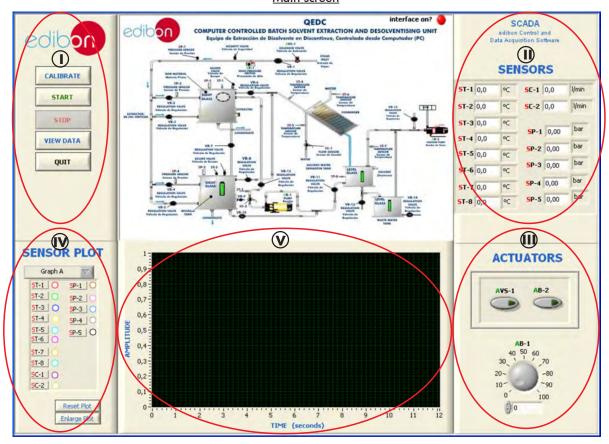
(22 pounds approx.).

# RECOMMENDED ACCESSORY (Not incluided)

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- TGV-6KWA. Steam Generator (6KW) (for high pressures and high temperatures).

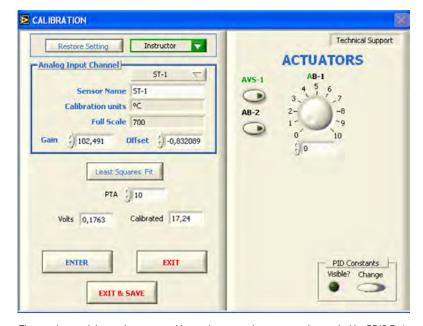
# SCADA Main screen



- Main software operation possibilities.
- (I) Sensors displays, real time values, and extra output parameters. Sensors: ST= Temperature sensor. SP= Pressure sensor. SC= Flow sensor.
- (II) Actuators controls. Actuators: AB=Pump. AVS= Solenoid valve.
- (N) Channel selection and other plot parameters.
- Real time graphics displays.

# **Software for Sensors Calibration**

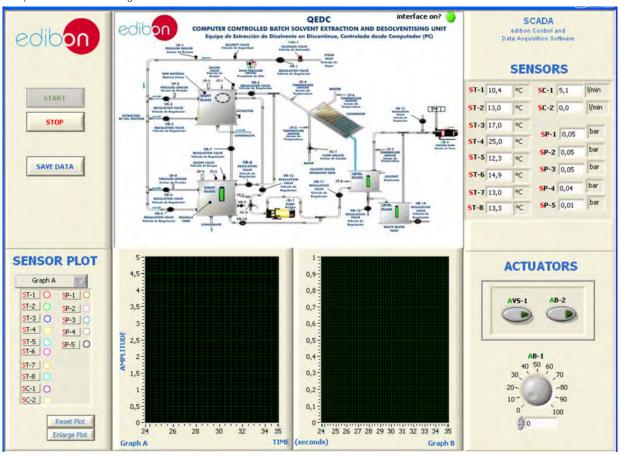
Example of screen



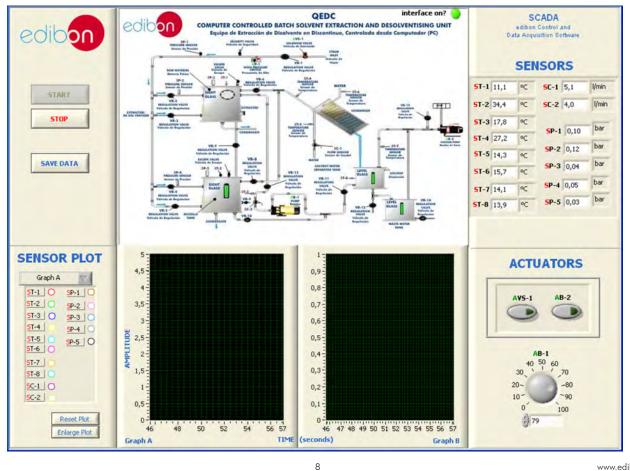
The teacher and the students can calibrate the unit with a password provided by EDIBON. The teacher can restore the factory calibration any time.

# SOME **REAL** RESULTS OBTAINED FROM THIS UNIT -

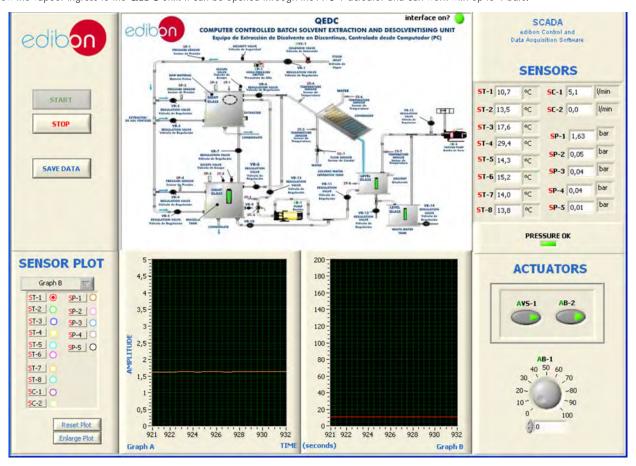
When starting an experiment, cooling water begins to flow through the solvent condenser's coil. Its flow is regulated with a manual valve and it is measured with the SC-I flow sensor. The condenser water inlet is controlled by a pressure regulator so that the operating pressure range is not exceeded. Thus, the glass coil is prevented from breaking.



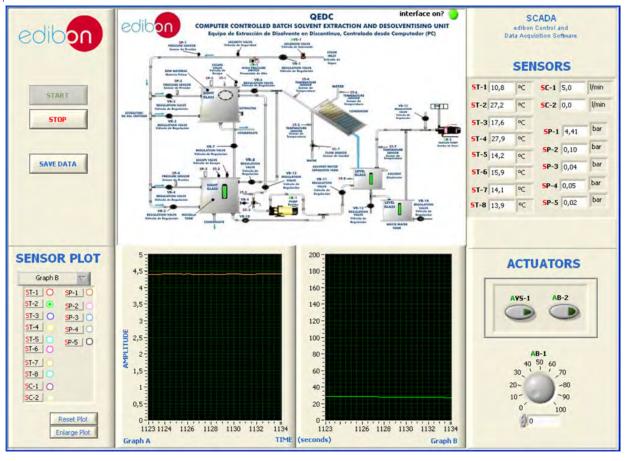
When the extraction material has been loaded in the extraction tank, the solvent is pumped with the AB-1 pump from the separator tank to the extraction tank. This pump can be controlled through the AB-1 pump actuator to vary the flow. The flow of solvent is measured with the SC-2 flow sensor.



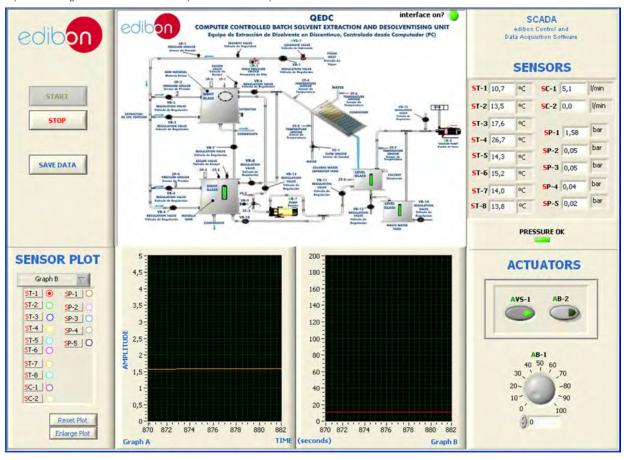
After completing the extraction, the solvent remaining in the material is removed using a combination of steam (direct and indirect) and vacuum. The unit works with a vapour generator. The vapour evaporates the solvent in the extraction and miscella tanks, and heats both tanks bases. A solenoid valve is used to allow the vapour ingress to the QEDC unit. It can be opened through the AVS-1 actuator and can work with up to 4 bars.



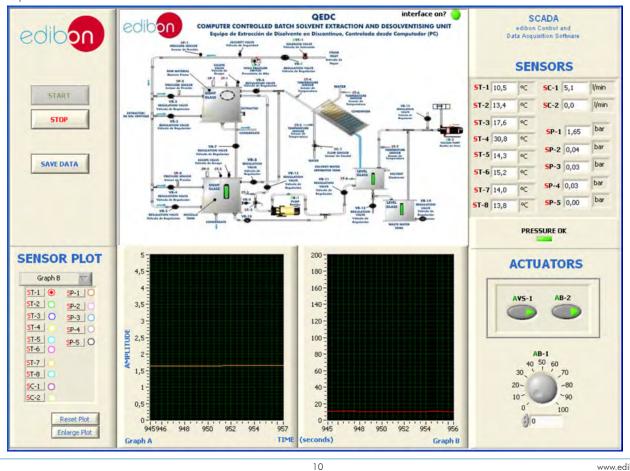
If the vapour inlet exceeds 4 bars, the solenoid valve closes automatically. Besides, the vapour inlet includes a safety valve that releases pressure to 4 bars and a pressure switch.



Miscella is a mixture of solvent and oil from the extraction material which accumulates in the miscella tank during the extraction process. The solvent and oil are separated using a combination of steam (direct and indirect) and vacuum.



The vacuum pump can be switched on through the AB-2 pump actuator. The pressure drop due to the vacuum pump starting is detected through the SP-4 and SP-5 pressure sensors.



#### COMPLETE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (for optional items)

Additionally to the main items (1 to 6) described, we can offer, as optional, other items from 7 to 10.

All these items try to give more possibilities for:

- a) Industrial configuration. (PLC)
- b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (ICAI)
- c) Multipost Expansions options. (Mini ESN and ESN)

#### a) Industrial configuration

#### **PLC. Industrial Control using PLC** (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):

#### -PLC-PI. PLC Module:

Metallic box.

Circuit diagram in the module front panel.

Front panel:

Digital inputs (X) and Digital outputs (Y) block:

16 Digital inputs, activated by switches and 16 LEDs for confirmation (red).

14 Digital outputs (through SCSI connector) with 14 LEDs for message (green).

Analog inputs block:

16 Analog inputs (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

Analog outputs block:

4 Analog outputs (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

Touch screen

High visibility and multiple functions. Display of a highly visible status. Recipe function. Bar graph function. Flow display function. Alarm list.

Multi language function. True type fonts.

Back panel:

Power supply connector. Fuse 2A. RS-232 connector to PC. USB 2.0 connector to PC.

Inside:

Power supply outputs: 24 Vdc, 12 Vdc, -12 Vdc, 12 Vdc variable.

Panasonic PLC:

High-speed scan of 0.32 µsec. for a basic instruction.

**Program capacity of 32 Ksteps,** with a sufficient comment area.

Power supply input (100 to 240 V AC).

DC input: 16 (24 V DC). Relay output: 14.

**High-speed counter.**Multi-point PID control.

Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

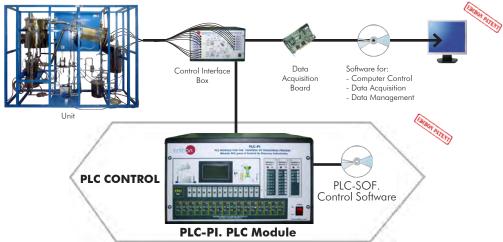
Communication RS232 wire to computer (PC).

Dimensions: 490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx. (19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.). Weight: 30 Kg. approx. (66 pounds approx.).

#### -QEDC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:

For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

The software has been designed using Labview and it follows the unit operation procedure and linked with the Control Interface Box used in the Computer Controlled Batch Solvent Extraction and Desolventising Unit (QEDC).



Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- 1.- Control of the particular unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the particular unit process.
- $3.\hbox{-}$  Calibration of all sensors included in the particular unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the particular unit process.
- 5.- Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the particular unit. (These experiments can be decided previously).
- 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases do not exist hardware elements. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrialenvironment to the process to be studied, etc).
- 7.- PLC hardware general use.
- 8.- PLC process application for the particular unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.
- 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration.

- 11.-PLC configuration possibilities.
- 12.-PLC program languages.
- PLC different programming standard languages (ladder diagram (LD), structured text (ST), instructions list (IL), sequential function chart (SFC), function block diagram (FBD)).
- 14.-New configuration and development of new process.
- 15.-Hand on an established process.
- 16.-To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the particular unit process.
- 17.-Possibility of creating new process in relation with the particular unit.
- 18.-PLC Programming Exercises.
- Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements.

### b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

#### **® QEDC/ICAI.** Interactive Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

This complete software package consists of an Instructor Software (EDIBON Classroom Manager -ECM) totally integrated with the Student Software (EDIBON Student Labsoft -ESL). Both are interconnected so that the teacher knows at any moment what is the theoretical and practical knowledge of the students.

This software is optional and can be used additionally to items (1 to 6).

#### -ECM. EDIBON Classroom Manager (Instructor Software).

ECM is the application that allows the Instructor to register students, manage and assign tasks for workgroups, create own content to carry out Practical Exercises, choose one of the evaluation methods to check the Student knowledge and monitor the progression related to the planned tasks for individual students, workgroups, units, etc... so the teacher can know in real time the level of understanding of any student in the classroom.

#### Innovative features:

User Data Base Management.

Administration and assignment of Workgroup, Task and Training sessions.

Creation and Integration of Practical Exercises and Multimedia Resources.

Custom Design of Evaluation Methods.

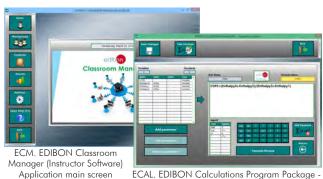
Creation and assignment of Formulas & Equations.

Equation System Solver Engine.

Updatable Contents.

Report generation, User Progression Monitoring and Statistics.

#### Instructor Software



ECAL. EDIBON Calculations Program Package Formula Editor Screen



ETTE. EDIBON Training Test & Exam Program Package - Main Screen with Numeric Result Question

### -ESL. EDIBON Student Labsoft (Student Software).

ESL is the application addressed to the Students that helps them to understand theoretical concepts by means of practical exercises and to prove their knowledge and progression by performing tests and calculations in addition to Multimedia Resources. Default planned tasks and an Open workgroup are provided by EDIBON to allow the students start working from the first session. Reports and statistics are available to know their progression at any time, as well as explanations for every exercise to reinforce the theoretically acquired technical knowledge.

Innovative features:

Student Log-In & Self-Registration.

Existing Tasks checking & Monitoring.

Default contents & scheduled tasks available to be used from the first session.

Practical Exercises accomplishment by following the Manual provided by EDIBON.

Evaluation Methods to prove your knowledge and progression.

Test self-correction.

Calculations computing and plotting.

Equation System Solver Engine.

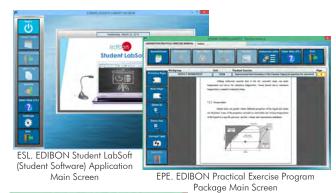
User Monitoring Learning & Printable Reports.

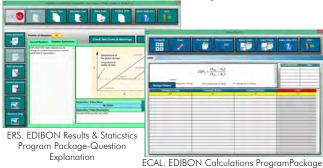
Multimedia-Supported auxiliary resources.

For more information see **ICAI** catalogue. Click on the following link: <a href="https://www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/ICAI.pdf">www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/ICAI.pdf</a>

# Student Software

Scores Histogram





12 www.edibon.com

Main Screen

# c) Multipost Expansions options

#### Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.

Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously. It is useful for both, Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education.

The Mini ESN system consists of the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit. Then, the number of possible users who can work with the same unit is higher than in an usual way of working (usually only one).

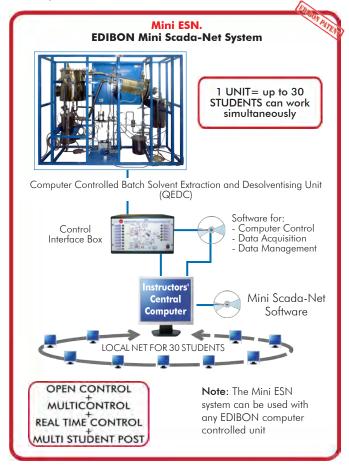
#### Main characteristics:

- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

#### Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

For more information see **Mini ESN** catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/Mini-ESN.pdf



# (ii) ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

This unit can be integrated, in the future, into a Complete Laboratory with many Units and many Students.

For more information see **ESN** catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/units/foodwatertechnologies/esn-foodtechnology/ESN-FOOD TECHNOLOGY.pdf

# Main items (always included in the supply)

Minimum supply always includes:

- ① Unit: QEDC. Computer Controlled Batch Solvent Extraction and Desolventising Unit.
- 2 QEDC/CIB. Control Interface Box.
- 3 DAB. Data Acquisition Board.
- QEDC/CCSOF. Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software.
- (5) Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.
- Manuals.

\*IMPORTANT: Under QEDC we always supply all the elements for immediate running as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

# **Optional items** (supplied under specific order)

- a) Industrial configuration
- PLC. Industrial Control using PLC (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):
  - PCL-PI. PLC Module.
  - QEDC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software.

# b) Technical and Vocational configuration

**3** QEDC/ICAI. Interactive Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

# c) Multipost Expansions options

- Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.
- **10** ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

#### ① QEDC. Unit:

Metallic structure and panels in painted steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

All the vessels, valves and accessories in contact with the process materials are made of stainless steel,

except the solvent condenser (made of borosilicate glass) and safety valves (made of brass). Viewers are made of PTFE and Neoceram.

#### Extractor tank:

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel, with a hinged lid and equipped with an indirect steam chest for process heating and a sight glass of neoceram. The vessel has a base inclined slightly towards a port for discharging the extracted and desolventised meal and a perforated plate covered with a fine woven mesh so solvent may drain through to the miscella tank whilst retaining the solids.

Direct steam and solvent are injected through two distribution pipe

Volume: 100 I

Direct steam: 0 - 0.9 bar. Indirect steam: 0-3.5 bar.

#### Miscella tank:

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel, equipped with an indirect steam chest for process heating and a level viewer. The vessel has a base inclined slightly towards a port for discharging the extracted and solvent.

Direct steam is injected through a distribution pipe.

Volume: 30 I. Direct steam: 0 - 0.9 bar. Indirect steam: 0 - 3.5 bar.

#### Solvent condenser:

Condensing capacity: 2.5kW. Condensing area: 2.5m<sup>2</sup>. Cooling medium: water. Cooling water flow range: 0 - 22 I./min. Maximum working pressure: 1.0 bar.

#### Solvent water separator tank:

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel equipped with a level viewer. Volume of separator section: 16 1.

Volume of solvent store: 16 l.

#### Waste water tank:

Cylindrical vessel of stainless steel equipped with a level viewer. Volume: 15 l.

Solvent pump:
With bypass flow control. It includes an online Y filter made of stainless steel.

<u>Vacuum pump</u>: Type: double PTFE diaphragm. Operating pressure: 100 mbar (max).

8 Temperature sensors, "J" type: 5 Pressure sensors , range: 0-10 bar. 2 Flow sensors, range: 1.5 - 30 I./min.

The inlet of vapour incorporates a safety valve to limit the working pressure to 4.0 bar, and the extractor/desolventiser tank and the miscella tank incorporate two safety valves to limit the working pressure to 0.9 bar.

An electronic solenoid valve and a pressure switch (4 bar).

A flame arrester at the vacuum pump outlet to obtain a suitable ventilation. Any flashback will be extinguished, so that the unit is not damaged upstream. Modes of operation:

Extraction by washing with clean solvent. Extraction by recirculating miscella.

Desolventising extracted material. Desolventising miscella.

# The complete unit includes as well:

Advanced Real-Time SCADA.

Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.
Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on LabVIEW.
National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).
Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before

Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.

Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.

Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.

Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).

Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.

Optional ICAI software to create, edit and carry out practical exercises, tests, exams, calculations, etc.

Apart from monitoring user's knowwledge and progress reached.

This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

#### ② QEDC/CIB. Control Interface Box:

The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system.
Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel.
The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled.
Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process.

Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.
Real time computer control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the parameters, at any moment during the process.

Real time computer control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Open control allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.

# ③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board:

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system. PCI Express Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot.

Analog input: Channels= 16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536. Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second). Analog output: Channels=2. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Digital Input/Output: Channels=24 inputs/outputs.

# QEDC/CCSOF. Computer Control +Data Acquisition+Data Management Software: The three softwares are part of the SCADA system. Compatible with the industry standards.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data. Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.
It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard

## (5) Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

#### Exercises and Practical Possibilities to be done with the Main Items

- 1.- Operation of small scale version of industrial processes.
- 2.- Effect of degree of pretreatment of solid material on extraction efficiency.
- 3.- Effect of extraction time.
- 4.- Effect of drain time.
- 5.- Effect of solvent type.
- 6.- Effect of solvent percolation rate.
- 7.- Effect of process temperature.
- 8.- Effect of process pressure.
- 9.- Method of solvent recovery.
- 10.- Degree of solvent recovery.

Additional practical possibilities:

11.- Sensors calibration.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

12.-Many students view results simultaneously.

To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

13.-Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 14.-The Computer Control System with SCADA allows a real industrial simulation.
- 15.-This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 16.-This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 17.-This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 18.-Control of the QEDC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 19.-Visualization of all the sensors values used in the QEDC unit process.
- By using PLC-PI additional 19 more exercises can be done.
- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

# TENDER SPECIFICATIONS (for optional items)

#### a) Industrial configuration

#### **PLC. Industrial Control using PLC** (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):

#### -PLC-PI. PLC Module:

Metallic box.

Circuit diagram in the module front panel.

Digital inputs (X) and Digital outputs (Y) block: 16 Digital inputs. 14 Digital outputs.

Analog inputs block: 16 Analog inputs.

Analog outputs block: 4 Analog outputs.

Touch screen.
Panasonic PLC:

High-speed scan of  $0.32~\mu$ sec. Program capacity of 32 Ksteps. High-speed counter. Multi-point PID control.

Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

#### -QEDC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:

For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

#### Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- 1.- Control of the particular unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the particular unit process.
- 3.- Calibration of all sensors included in the particular unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the particular unit process.
- 5. Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the particular unit. (These experiments can be decided previously).
- 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases do not exist hardware elements. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrialenvironment to the process to be studied, etc).
- 7.- PLC hardware general use.
- 8.- PLC process application for the particular unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.
- 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration.
- 11.- PLC configuration possibilities.
- 12.- PLC program languages.
- 13.- PLC different programming standard languages (ladder diagram (LD), structured text (ST), instructions list (IL), sequential function chart (SFC), function block diagram (FBD)).
- 14.- New configuration and development of new process.
- 15.- Hand on an established process.
- 16.- To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the particular unit process.
- 17.- Possibility of creating new process in relation with the particular unit.
- 18.- PLC Programming Exercises.
- 19.- Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements.

#### b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

#### ® QEDC/ICAI. Interactive Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

This complete software package consists of an Instructor Software (EDIBON Classroom Manager -ECM) totally integrated with the Student Software (EDIBON Student Labsott -ESL). Both are interconnected so that the teacher knows at any moment what is the theoretical and practical knowledge of the students.

-ECM. EDIBON Classroom Manager (Instructor Software).

ECM is the application that allows the Instructor to register students, manage and assign tasks for workgroups, create own content to carry out Practical Exercises, choose one of the evaluation methods to check the Student knowledge and monitor the progression related to the planned tasks for individual students, workgroups, units, etc...so the teacher can know in real time the level of understanding of any student in the classroom.

Innovative features:

User Data Base Management.

Administration and assignment of Workgroup, Task and Training sessions.

Creation and Integration of Practical Exercises and Multimedia Resources.

Custom Design of Evaluation Methods.

Creation and assignment of Formulas & Equations.

Equation System Solver Engine.

Updatable Contents.

Report generation, User Progression Monitoring and Statistics.

-ESL. EDIBON Student Labsoft (Student Software).

ESL is the application addressed to the Students that helps them to understand theoretical concepts by means of practical exercises and to prove their knowledge and progression by performing tests and calculations in addition to Multimedia Resources. Default planned tasks and an Open workgroup are provided by EDIBON to allow the students start working from the first session. Reports and statistics are available to know their progression at any time, as well as explanations for every exercise to reinforce the theoretically acquired technical knowledge.

Innovative features:

Student Log-In & Self-Registration.

Existing Tasks checking & Monitoring.

Default contents & scheduled tasks available to be used from the first session.

Practical Exercises accomplishment by following the Manual provided by EDIBON.

Evaluation Methods to prove your knowledge and progression.

Test self-correction.

Calculations computing and plotting.

Equation System Solver Engine.

User Monitoring Learning & Printable Reports.

Multimedia-Supported auxiliary resources.

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# Tender Specifications (for optional items)

#### c) Multipost Expansions options

#### Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.

EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously.

The Mini ESN system consists of the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit.

#### Main characteristics:

- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

#### Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

The system basically will consist of:

This system is used with a Computer Controlled Unit.

- Instructor's computer.
- Students' computers.
- Local Network.
- Unit-Control Interface adaptation.
- Unit Software adaptation.
- Webcam.
- Mini ESN Software to control the whole system.
- Cables and accessories required for a normal operation.

\* Specifications subject to change without previous notice, due to the convenience of improvement of the product.



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