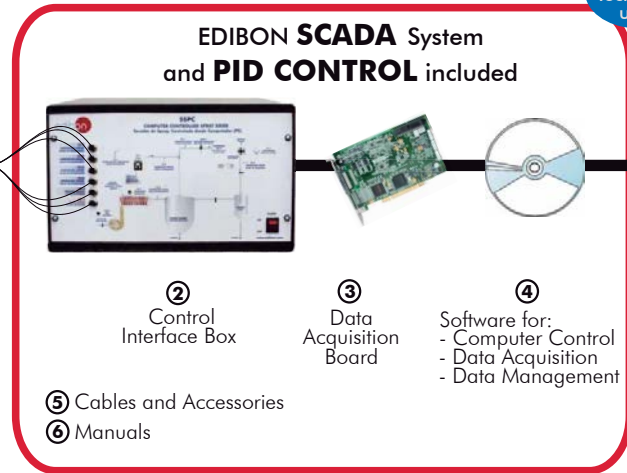




① Unit: SSPC. Spray Drier



*Minimum supply always includes: 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6
(Computer not included in the supply)

Key features:

- ▶ **Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.**
- ▶ **Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.**
- ▶ **Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.**
- ▶ **National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s , kilo samples per second).**
- ▶ **Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.**
- ▶ **Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.**
- ▶ **Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.**
- ▶ **Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.**
- ▶ **Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).**
- ▶ **Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.**
- ▶ **Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results.**
- ▶ **This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.**

**OPEN CONTROL
+
MULTICONTROL
+
REAL TIME CONTROL**

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- ↳ Products
- ↳ Products range
- ↳ Units
- ↳ 11..Chemical Engineering & 12.-Food & Water Technologies

For more information about Key Features, click here:



ISO 9000: Quality Management
(for Design, Manufacturing,
Commercialization and After-sales service)



European Union Certificate
(total safety)



Certificates ISO 14000 and
ECO-Management and Audit Scheme
(environmental management)



Worlddidac Quality Charter
Certificate
(Worlddidac Member)

INTRODUCTION

Drying is the process by which an amount of water from a substance is totally or partially eliminated. Therefore, this definition can be applied to solids, liquids or gases. Drying or dehydration is a food-conservation process that makes it possible to eliminate a big amount of water from the product, inhibiting all microbial or enzymatic activity that deteriorates it.

Spray or atomization drying is a drying process in which a liquid substance is dispersed in very fine dewdrops in the middle of a current of hot gases. This way, the humidity in each drop evaporates very quickly, leaving residual particles of dry powder, which have to be separated from the air current.

This technique can be used in a wide range of applications where the production of a free-flowing powder sample is required. This technique has successfully processed materials in the following areas: beverages, milk and egg products, plant and vegetable extracts, heat sensitive materials, fish extracts, cereals, etc.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Computer Controlled Spray Drier (SSPC) allows to study processes that involve aqueous emulsions, solutions, suspensions and colloidal solutions.

A peristaltic pump delivers the liquid sample from a container through a small diameter jet into the drying chamber. At the same time compressed air enters the outer tube of the jet which causes the liquid to emerge as a fine atomized spray into the drying chamber. Heated air is blown through the drying chamber evaporating the liquid content of the atomized spray.

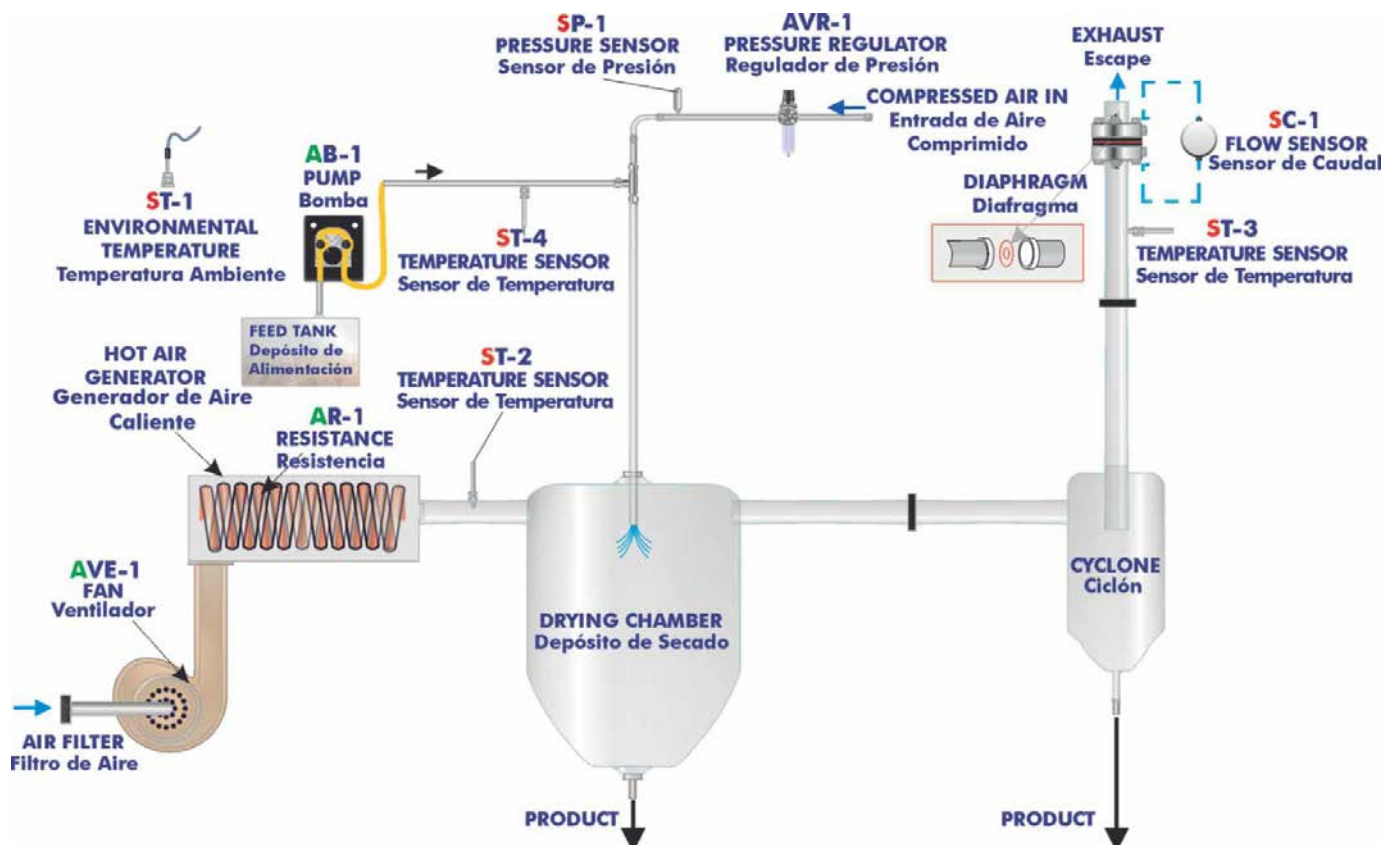
The solid particles of the material are separated from the exhaust air flow by a cyclone and collected in the sample collection bottle. The exhaust airflow is directed to the atmosphere or to an extraction system existing in the laboratory.

This Computer Controlled Unit is supplied with the EDIBON Computer Control System (SCADA), and includes: The unit itself + a Control Interface Box + a Data Acquisition Board + Computer Control and Data Acquisition Software Packages, for controlling the process and all parameters involved in the process.

PROCESS DIAGRAM AND UNIT ELEMENTS ALLOCATION

3 actuators and 6 sensors controlled from any computer and working simultaneously

OPEN CONTROL
+
MULTICONTROL
+
REAL TIME CONTROL



With this unit there are several options and possibilities:

- Main items: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.
- Optional items: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Let us describe first the main items (1 to 6):

① SSPC. Unit:

Bench mounted spray drier for processing aqueous emulsions, solutions, suspensions and colloids. This unit is suitable for aqueous solutions only.

Diagram in the front panel with a distribution of the elements similar to the real unit.

Downward co-current operation (a fine jet of the product is brought into contact with a hot air stream).

The unit components are made of glass with gasket free ground glass flanges.

Characteristics:

- Maximum drying capacity: 1 000 ml/h. approx.
- Temperature range: 40 – 200°C (temperature at inlet).
- Dry air volume range: 0.2 – 0.65 m³/min.
- Spray air pressure range: 0.5 – 2.5 kg/cm².
- Feed pump volume range: 102 - 1 800 ml/h. approx.
- Maximum air pressure: 70 mbar.

The chemically resistant powder coated housing includes the fan and heating element (resistance).

All clamps and fittings are designed to allow assembly and removal of the glass elements rapidly and easily.

Fan, computer controlled:

- Power: 0.4 kW.
- Velocity: 3000 rpm.
- Drying air throughflow: 70 m³/h (fixed).

Heating element (resistance) of 3kW, computer controlled. A "J" type temperature sensor, located at the inlet of the drying chamber, works with the PID controller to maintain the desired air temperature at the inlet of the drying chamber.

Drying chamber:

- Material: borosilicate glass.
- It includes a spray nozzle, diameter: 0.5 mm.
- The spray assembly incorporates a manual de-blocking device that prevents the jet nozzle from becoming blocked.

Feed pump: peristaltic pump, with variable speed, computer controlled.

Cyclone:

- Material: borosilicate glass.

Sample collection bottle:

- Material: hard glass.
- Volume: 500 ml.

Exhaust tube:

- Outer diameter: 50mm.
- It includes a diaphragm with an orifice plate.

A filter/air regulator located between the compressor (not included) and the unit to ensure that the drying air does not include contaminants.

4 "J" type temperature sensors to measure:

- Environmental temperature.
- Air inlet temperature in the drying chamber.
- Exhaust air temperature.
- Feeding temperature.

One differential pressure sensor to measure, together with the diaphragm with orifice plate, the flow of exhaust air, range: 0-1 psi (0-100 m³/h).

One pressure sensor at the compressed air inlet, range: 0-6 bar.

1 glass vessel, volume: 1 l.

The complete unit includes as well:

- Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.**
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.**
- Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.**
- National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s , kilo samples per second).**
- Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.**
- Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.**
- Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.**
- Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.**
- Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).**
- Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.**
- Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results.**
- This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.**



SSPC. Unit

② **SSPC/CIB. Control Interface Box:**

The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system.

Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel and with the same distribution that the different elements located in the unit, for an easy understanding by the student.

All sensors, with their respective signals, are properly manipulated from -10V. to +10V. computer output. Sensors connectors in the interface have different pines numbers (from 2 to 16), to avoid connection errors. Single cable between the control interface box and computer.

The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled, without necessity of changes or connections during the whole process test procedure.

Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process.

Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

Storage of all the process data and results in a file.

Graphic representation, in real time, of all the process/system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

All the actuators and sensors values and their responses are displayed on only one screen in the computer.

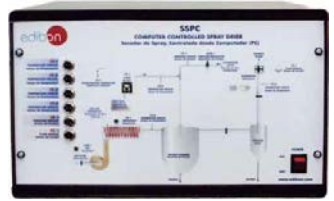
Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.

Real time PID control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the PID parameters, at any moment during the process. Real time PID and on/off control for pumps, compressors, resistances, control valves, etc. **Real time PID control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously.** Proportional control, integral control and derivative control, based on the real PID mathematical formula, by changing the values, at any time, of the three control constants (proportional, integral and derivative constants).

Open control allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Possibility of automatization of the actuators involved in the process.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.



SSPC/CIB

③ **DAB. Data Acquisition Board:**

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system.

PCI Express Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot. Bus PCI Express.

Analog input:

Number of channels= 16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution= 16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Input range (V) = ±10 V. Data transfers=DMA, interrupts, programmed I/O. DMA channels=6.

Analog output:

Number of channels=2. Resolution= 16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Maximum output rate up to: 900 KS/s.

Output range(V) = ±10 V. Data transfers=DMA, interrupts, programmed I/O.

Digital Input/Output:

Number of channels=24 inputs/outputs. D0 or DI Sample Clock frequency: 0 to 100 MHz.

Timing: Counter/timers=4. Resolution: Counter/timers: 32 bits.



DAB

④ **SSPC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition+ Data Management Software:**

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems. Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process on the computer screen. **Compatible with the industry standards.**

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

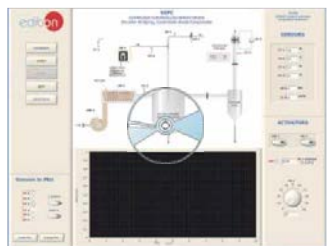
Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.



SSPC/CCSOF

⑤ **Cables and Accessories**, for normal operation.

⑥ **Manuals:** This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

* References 1 to 6 are the main items: SSPC + SSPC/CIB + DAB + SSPC/CCSOF + Cables and Accessories + Manuals are included in the minimum supply for enabling normal and full operation.

EXERCISES AND PRACTICAL POSSIBILITIES TO BE DONE WITH MAIN ITEMS

- 1.- Operation principle of a spray drier.
- 2.- Effect of the drop size on the drying process.
- 3.- Effect of the air input temperature on the drying process.
- 4.- Effect of the feed flow of the product on the drying process.
- 5.- Mass balance of a spray drier.
- 6.- Spray drier efficiency.

Additional practical possibilities:

- 7.- Sensors calibration.
- 8.- Energy balance of a spray drier.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

- 9.- Many students view results simultaneously.

To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

- 10.- Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 11.-The Computer Control System with SCADA and PID Control allow a real industrial simulation.

- 12.-This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.

- 13.-This unit can be used for doing applied research.

- 14.-This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.

- 15.-Control of the SSPC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.

- 16.-Visualization of all the sensors values used in the SSPC unit process.

- By using PLC-PI additional 19 more exercises can be done.

- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

REQUIRED SERVICES

- Electrical supply: single-phase, 220V/50Hz or 110V/60Hz.
- Compressed air supply (approx. 45 l./h at 8 bar).
- Whole milk or any other fluid to be treated.
- Computer (PC).
- Measuring flask.
- Weighing scale.

DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

SSPC:

Unit: -Dimensions: 500 x 500 x 1200 mm. approx.
(19.68 x 19.68 x 47.24 inches approx.)

-Weight: 80 Kg. approx.
(176.36 pounds approx.).

Control Interface Box:-Dimensions: 490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx.
(19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.).

-Weight: 10 Kg. approx.
(22 pounds approx.).

AVAILABLE VERSIONS

Offered in this catalogue:

- SSPC. Computer Controlled Spray Drier.

Offered in other catalogue:

- SSPB. Spray Drier.

SCADA and PID Control

Main screen

The screenshot shows the main interface of the SCADA and PID Control software for a Computer Controlled Spray Drier. The central part features a process diagram with components like the Feed Tank, Hot Air heater, Drying Chamber, and Cyclone. To the left, a control panel includes buttons for CALIBRATE, START, STOP, QUIT, and VIEW DATA. Below this is a 'Sensors to Plot' section with a list of sensors (ST-1 to SC-1) and options for graphing. The bottom center displays a real-time graph of Amplitude vs. Time (secs). On the right, there are sections for 'SENSORS' (displaying real-time values for ST-1 to ST-4, SP-1, and SC-1) and 'ACTUATORS' (controlling AVE-1, AR-1, and AB-1). Red circles with Roman numerals (I-V) highlight specific functional areas.

- (I) Main software operation possibilities.
- (II) Sensors displays, real time values, and extra output parameters. Sensors: ST=Temperature sensor. SP= Pressure sensor. SC= Flow sensor.
- (III) Actuators controls. Actuators: AR=Heating element (resistance). AB=Pump. AVE=Fan.
- (IV) Channel selection and other plot parameters.
- (V) Real time graphics displays.

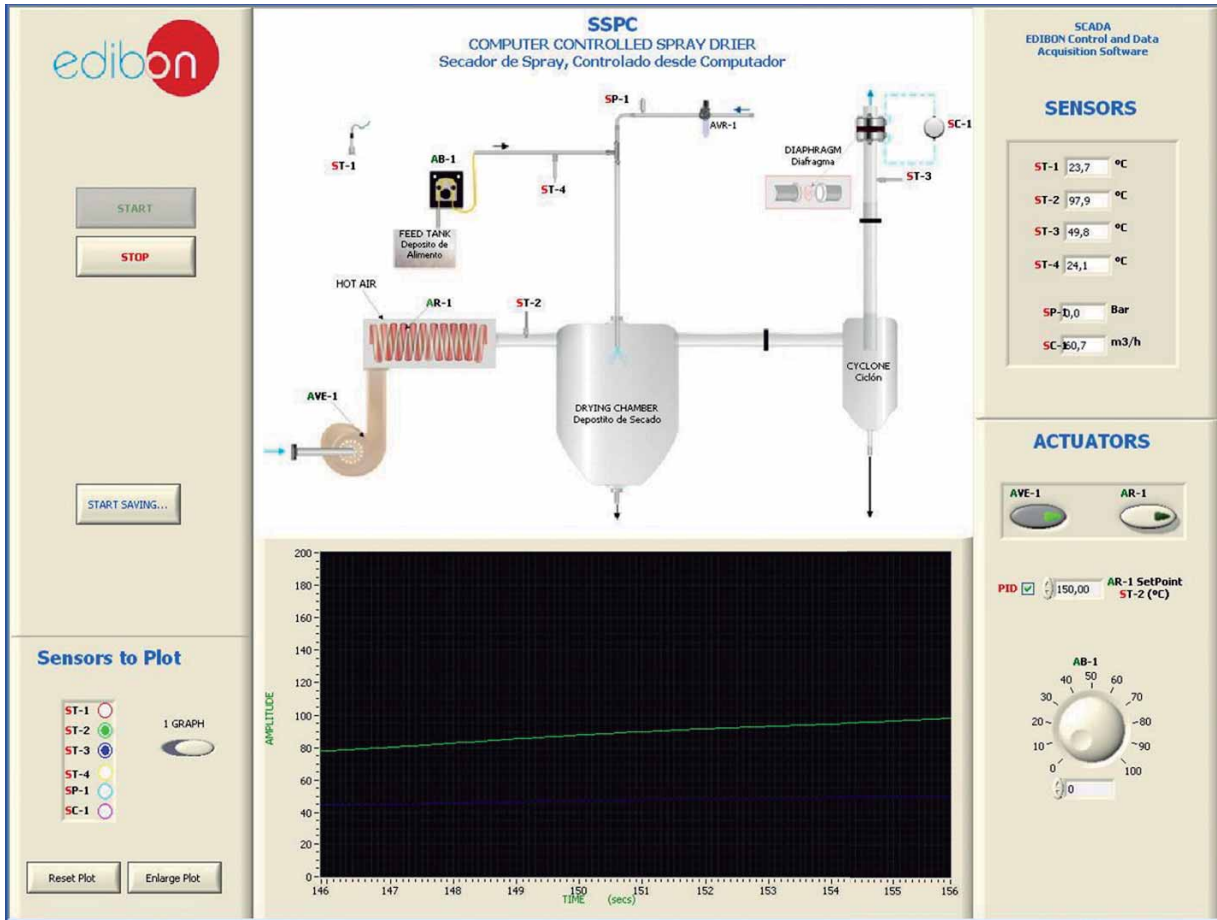
Software for Sensors Calibration

The screenshot displays the 'CALIBRATION' software window. It is divided into two main sections. The left section is for sensor calibration, showing the 'Analog Input Channel' set to ST-1. Below this, the 'Sensor Name' is ST-1, 'Calibration units' are °C, and 'Full Scale' is 100. The 'Gain' is 95,7706 and the 'Offset' is -0,391638. There is a 'Least Squares Fit' section with 'PTA' set to 10, 'Volts' at 0,2338, and 'Calibrated' at 22. At the bottom are buttons for 'ENTER', 'EXIT', and 'EXIT & SAVE'. The right section shows 'ACTUATORS' controls for AR-1, AA-1, AB-1, and AVE-1, with a 'Technical Support' link at the top.

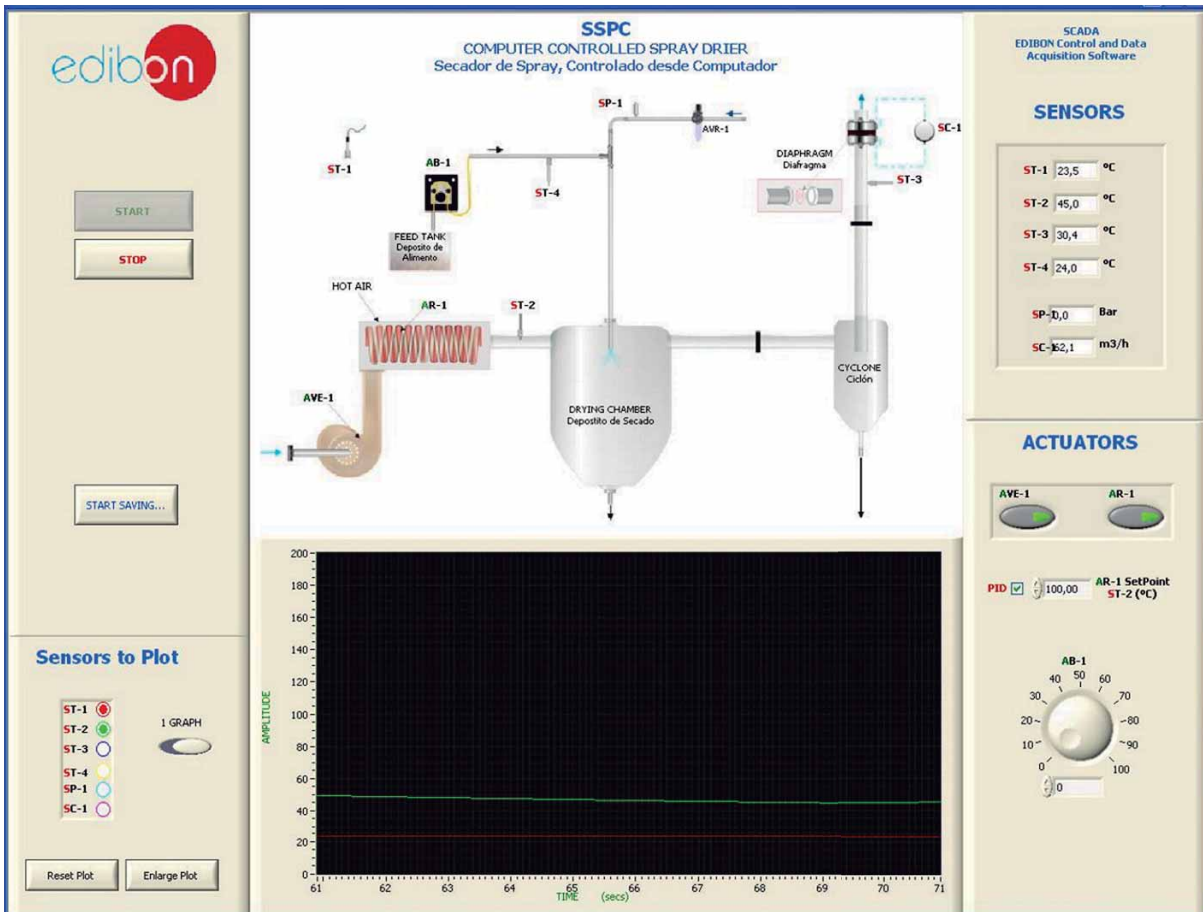
By using a free of charge code, the teacher and the students can calibrate the unit.
The teacher can recover his/her own calibration by using the EDIBON code that we give free of charge.

SOME TYPICAL RESULTS

In the ST-2 y ST-3 temperature sensors graphic, we can check the difference of temperature between the air input and output, observing that the temperature get lower when we atomize the product.



We stop the heating element (resistance) and during 15 minutes is advisable to keep fan AVE-1 running until temperature sensor ST-2 value is close to temperature sensor ST-1 value.



COMPLETE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (for optional items)

Additionally to the main items (1 to 6) described, we can offer, as optional, other items from 7 to 12.

All these items try to give more possibilities for:

- a) Industrial configuration. (PLC)
- b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (CAI and FSS)
- c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (CAI)
- d) Multipost Expansions options. (Mini ESN and ESN)

a) Industrial configuration

⑦ **PLC. Industrial Control using PLC** (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):

-PLC-PI. PLC Module:

Metallic box.

Circuit diagram in the module front panel.

Front panel:

Digital inputs(X) and Digital outputs (Y) block:

16 Digital inputs, activated by switches and 16 LEDs for confirmation (red).

14 Digital outputs (through SCSI connector) with 14 LEDs for message (green).

Analog inputs block:

16 Analog inputs (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

Analog outputs block:

4 Analog outputs (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

Touch screen:

High visibility and multiple functions. Display of a highly visible status. Recipe function. Bar graph function. Flow display function. Alarm list.

Multi language function. True type fonts.

Back panel:

Power supply connector. Fuse 2A. RS-232 connector to PC. USB 2.0 connector to PC.

Inside:

Power supply outputs: 24 Vdc, 12 Vdc, -12 Vdc, 12 Vdc variable.

Panasonic PLC:

High-speed scan of 0.32 µsec. for a basic instruction.

Program capacity of 32 Ksteps, with a sufficient comment area.

Power supply input (100 to 240 V AC).

DC input: 16 (24 V DC).

Relay output: 14.

High-speed counter.

Multi-point PID control.

Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

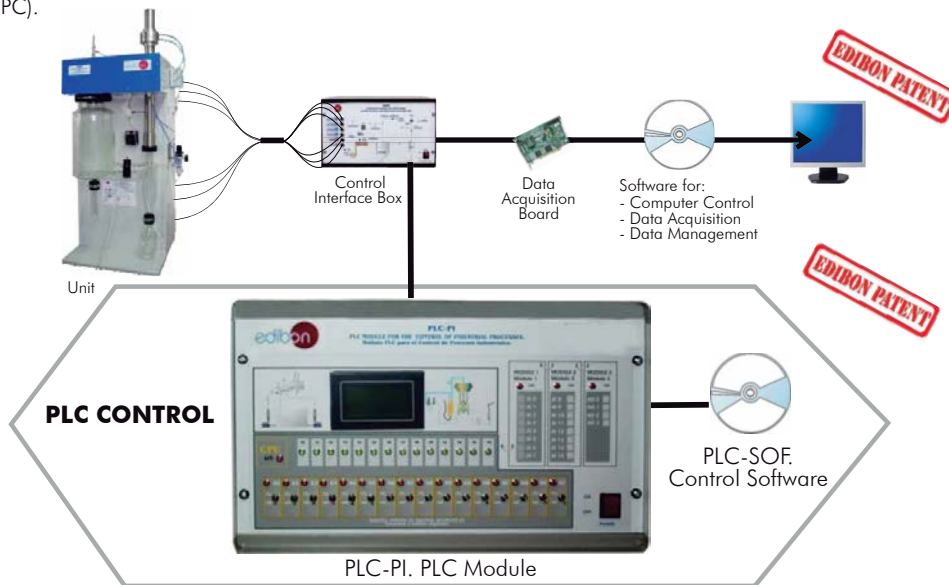
Communication RS232 wire to computer (PC).

Dimensions: 490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx. (19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.). Weight: 30 Kg. approx. (66 pounds approx.).

-SSPC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:

For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

The software has been designed using Labview and it follows the unit operation procedure and linked with the Control Interface Box used in the Computer Controlled Spray Drier (SSPC).



Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.- Control of the SSPC unit process through the control interface box without the computer. 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the SSPC unit process. 3.- Calibration of all sensors included in the SSPC unit process. 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the SSPC unit process. 5.- Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the unit. (This experiment can be decided previously). 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases hardware elements do not exist. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrial environment to the process to be studied, etc). 7.- PLC hardware general use and manipulation. 8.- PLC process application for SSPC unit. 9.- PLC structure. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration. 11.- PLC configuration possibilities. 12.- PLC programming languages. 13.- PLC different programming standard languages. 14.- New configuration and development of new process. 15.- Hand on an established process. 16.- To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the SSPC unit process. 17.- Possibility of creating new process in relation with the SSPC unit. 18.- PLC Programming exercises. 19.- Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements. |
|---|--|

b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

⑧ **SSPC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.**

This complete software package includes two Softwares: the INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software) and the SSPC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software).

This software is optional and can be used additionally to items (1 to 6).

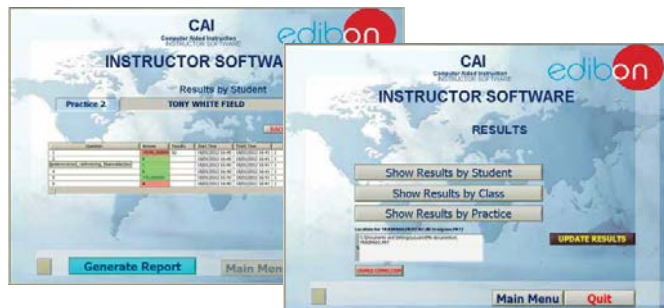
This complete software package consists on an Instructor Software (INS/ SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (SSPC/SOF). Both are interconnected so that the teacher knows at any moment what is the theoretical and practical knowledge of the students.

- INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software):

The Instructor can:

- Organize Students by Classes and Groups.
- Create easily new entries or delete them.
- Create data bases with student information.
- Analyze results and make statistical comparisons.
- Generate and print reports.
- Detect student's progress and difficulties.
- ...and many other facilities.

Instructor Software



- SSPC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software):

It explains how to use the unit, run the experiments and what to do at any moment.

This Software contains:

- Theory.
- Exercises.
- Guided Practices.
- Exams.

Student Software



For more information see CAI catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/CAI.pdf

⑨ **SSPC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.**

Faults Simulation System (FSS) is a Software package that simulates several faults in any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit. It is useful for Technical and Vocational level.

The "FAULTS" mode consists on causing several faults in the unit normal operation. The student must find them and solve them.

There are several kinds of faults that can be grouped in the following sections:

Faults affecting the sensors measurement:

- An incorrect calibration is applied to them.
- Non-linearity.

Faults affecting the actuators:

- Actuators channels interchange at any time during the program execution.
- Response reduction of an actuator.

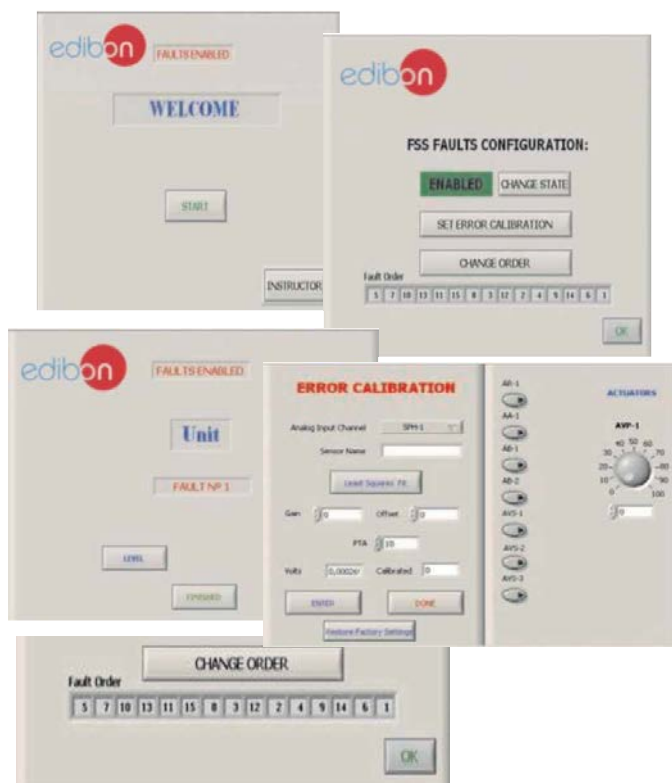
Faults in the controls execution:

- Inversion of the performance in ON/OFF controls.
- Reduction or increase of the calculated total response.
- The action of some controls is annulled.

On/off faults:

- Several on/off faults can be included.

Example of some screens



For more information see FSS catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/FSS.pdf

c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration

⑩ **SSPC/CAL. Computer Aided Learning Software (Results Calculation and Analysis).**

This Computer Aided Learning Software (CAL) is a Windows based software, simple and very easy to use, specifically developed by EDIBON. It is very useful for Higher Education level.

CAL is a class assistant that helps in doing the necessary calculations to extract the right conclusions from data obtained during the experimental practices.

CAL computes the value of all the variables involved and performs the calculations.

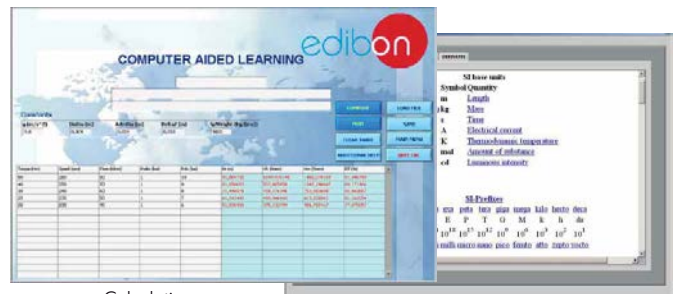
It allows to plot and print the results. Within the plotting options, any variable can be represented against any other.

Different plotting displays.

It has a wide range of information, such as constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables.

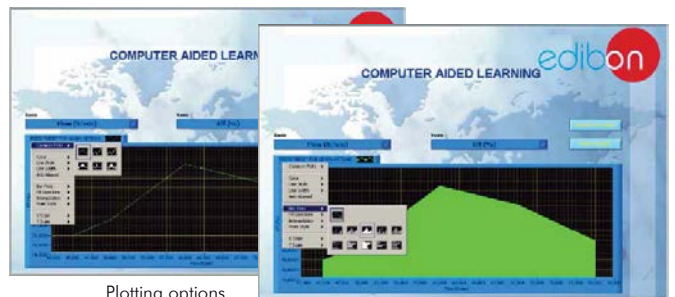
For more information see CAL catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/CAL.pdf



Calculations

Information of constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables



Plotting options

d) Multipost Expansions options

⑪ **Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.**

Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously. It is useful for both, Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education.

The Mini ESN system consists on the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit. Then, the number of possible users who can work with the same unit is higher than in an usual way of working (usually only one).

Main characteristics:

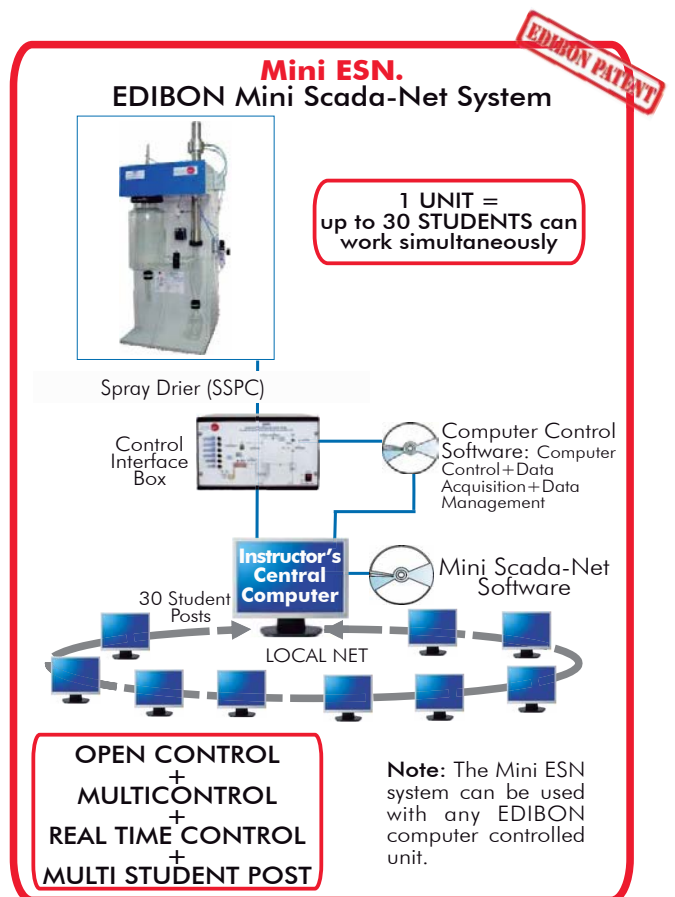
- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

For more information see Mini ESN catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/Mini-ESN.pdf



⑫ **ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.**

This unit can be integrated, in the future, into a Complete Laboratory with many Units and many Students.

For more information see ESN catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/units/chemicalengineering/esn-chemicalengineering/ESN-CHEMICAL_ENGINEERING.pdf

Main items (always included in the supply)

Minimum supply always includes:

- ① **Unit: SSPC. Spray Drier.**
- ② **SSPC/CIB. Control Interface Box.**
- ③ **DAB. Data Acquisition Board.**
- ④ **SSPC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software.**
- ⑤ **Cables and Accessories**, for normal operation.
- ⑥ **Manuals.**

* **IMPORTANT:** Under SSPC we always supply all the elements for immediate running as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Optional items (supplied under specific order)

a) Industrial configuration

- ⑦ PLC. Industrial Control using PLC (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):
 - PCL-PI. PLC Module.
 - SSPC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software.

b) Technical and Vocational configuration

- ⑧ SSPC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.
- ⑨ SSPC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.

c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration

- ⑩ SSPC/CAL. Computer Aided Learning Software (Results Calculation and Analysis).

d) Multipost Expansions options

- ⑪ Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.
- ⑫ ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

① SSPC. Unit:

Bench mounted spray drier for processing aqueous emulsions, solutions, suspensions and colloids. This unit is suitable for aqueous solutions only.

Diagram in the front panel with a distribution of the elements similar to the real unit.

Downward co-current operation (a fine jet of the product is brought into contact with a hot air stream).

The unit components are made of glass with gasket free ground glass flanges.

Characteristics:

Maximum drying capacity: 1000 ml/h. approx.

Temperature range: 40 – 200°C (temperature at inlet).

Dry air volume range: 0.2 – 0.65 m³/min.

Spray air pressure range: 0.5 – 2.5 kg/cm².

Feed pump volume range: 102 - 1800 ml/h. approx.

Maximum air pressure: 70 mbar.

The chemically resistant powder coated housing includes the fan and heating element (resistance).

All clamps and fittings are designed to allow assembly and removal of the glass elements rapidly and easily.

Fan, computer controlled:

Power: 0.4 kW.

Velocity: 3000 rpm.

Drying air throughflow: 70 m³/h (fixed).

Heating element (resistance) of 3kW, computer controlled. A "J" type temperature sensor, located at the inlet of the drying chamber, works with the PID controller to maintain the desired air temperature at the inlet of the drying chamber.

Drying chamber:

Material: borosilicate glass.

It includes a spray nozzle, diameter: 0.5 mm.

The spray assembly incorporates a manual de-blocking device that prevents the jet nozzle from becoming blocked.

Feed pump: peristaltic pump, with variable speed, computer controlled.

Cyclone:

Material: borosilicate glass.

Sample collection bottle:

Material: hard glass.

Volume: 500 ml.

Exhaust tube:

Outer diameter: 50mm.

It includes a diaphragm with an orifice plate.

A filter/air regulator located between the compressor (not included) and the unit to ensure that the drying air does not include contaminants.

4 "J" type temperature sensors to measure:

Environmental temperature.

Air inlet temperature in the drying chamber.

Exhaust air temperature.

Feeding temperature.

One differential pressure sensor to measure, together with the diaphragm with orifice plate, the flow of exhaust air, range: 0-1 psi (0-100 m³/h).

One pressure sensor at the compressed air inlet, range: 0-6 bar.

1 glass vessel, volume: 1 l.

The complete unit includes as well:

Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.

Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.

Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.

National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).

Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.

Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.

Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.

Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.

Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).

Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.

Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results.

This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

② SSPC/CIB. Control Interface Box:

The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system. Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel.

The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled.

Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process.

Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.

Real time PID control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the PID parameters, at any moment during the process.

Real time PID control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Proportional control, integral control and derivative control, based on the real PID mathematical formula, by changing the values, at any time, of the three control constants (proportional, integral and derivative constants).

Open control allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.

③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board:

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system.

PCI Express Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot.

Analog input: Channels= 16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution= 16 bits, 1 in 65536. Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Analog output: Channels=2. Resolution= 16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Digital Input/Output: Channels=24 inputs/outputs.

④ SSPC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software:

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with the industry standards.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control. PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

⑤ Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

⑥ Manuals: This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

Exercises and Practical Possibilities to be done with Main Items

- 1.- Operation principle of a spray drier.
- 2.- Effect of the drop size on the drying process.
- 3.- Effect of the air input temperature on the drying process.
- 4.- Effect of the feed flow of the product on the drying process.
- 5.- Mass balance of a spray drier.
- 6.- Spray drier efficiency.

Additional practical possibilities:

- 7.- Sensors calibration.
- 8.- Energy balance of a spray drier.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

- 9.- Many students view results simultaneously.

To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

- 10.- Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 11.- The Computer Control System with SCADA and PID Control allow a real industrial simulation.
- 12.- This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 13.- This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 14.- This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 15.- Control of the SSPC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 16.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the SSPC unit process.

- By using PLC-PI additional 19 more exercises can be done.

- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

a) Industrial configuration

⑦ **PLC. Industrial Control using PLC** (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):

-PLC-PI. PLC Module:

Metallic box.
 Circuit diagram in the module front panel.
 Digital inputs(X) and Digital outputs (Y) block: 16 Digital inputs. 14 Digital outputs.
 Analog inputs block: 16 Analog inputs.
 Analog outputs block: 4 Analog outputs.
 Touch screen.
 Panasonic PLC:

High-speed scan of 0.32 µsec. Program capacity of 32 Ksteps. High-speed counter. Multi-point PID control.
 Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

-SSPC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:

For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- 1.- Control of the SSPC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the SSPC unit process.
- 3.- Calibration of all sensors included in the SSPC unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the SSPC unit process.
- 5.- Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the unit. (This experiment can be decided previously).
- 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases hardware elements do not exist. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrial environment to the process to be studied, etc).
- 7.- PLC hardware general use and manipulation.
- 8.- PLC process application for SSPC unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.
- 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration.
- 11.- PLC configuration possibilities.
- 12.- PLC programming languages.
- 13.- PLC different programming standard languages.
- 14.- New configuration and development of new process.
- 15.- Hand on an established process.
- 16.- To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the SSPC unit process.
- 17.- Possibility of creating new process in relation with the SSPC unit.
- 18.- PLC Programming exercises.
- 19.- Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements.

b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

⑧ **SSPC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.**

This complete software package consists on an Instructor Software (INS/SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (SSPC/SOF).

-INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software):

The Instructor can:

- Organize Students by Classes and Groups.
- Create easily new entries or delete them.
- Create data bases with student information.
- Analyze results and make statistical comparisons.
- Generate and print reports.
- Detect student's progress and difficulties.

-SSPC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software):

It explains how to use the unit, run the experiments and what to do at any moment.

This Software contains:

- Theory.
- Exercises.
- Guided Practices.
- Exams.

⑨ **SSPC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.**

Faults Simulation System (FSS) is a Software package that simulates several faults in any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit.

The "FAULTS" mode consists on causing several faults in the unit normal operation. The student must find them and solve them.

There are several kinds of faults that can be grouped in the following sections:

Faults affecting the sensors measurement:

- An incorrect calibration is applied to them.
- Non-linearity.

Faults affecting the actuators:

- Actuators channels interchange at any time during the program execution.
- Response reduction of an actuator.

Faults in the controls execution:

- Inversion of the performance in ON/OFF controls.
- Reduction or increase of the calculated total response.
- The action of some controls is annulled.

On/off faults:

- Several on/off faults can be included.

c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration

⑩ **SSPC/CAL. Computer Aided Learning Software (Results Calculation and Analysis).**

This Computer Aided Learning Software (CAL) is a Windows based software, simple and very easy to use.

CAL is a class assistant that helps in doing the necessary calculations to extract the right conclusions from data obtained during the experimental practices.

CAL computes the value of all the variables involved and performs the calculations.

It allows to plot and print the results. Within the plotting options, any variable can be represented against any other.

Different plotting displays.

It has a wide range of information, such as constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables.

⑪ **Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.**

d) Multipost Expansions options

EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously.

The Mini ESN system consists on the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit.

Main characteristics:

- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

The system basically will consist of:

This system is used with a Computer Controlled Unit.

- Instructor's computer.
- Students' computers.
- Local Network.
- Unit-Control Interface adaptation.
- Unit Software adaptation.
- Webcam.
- Mini ESN Software to control the whole system.
- Cables and accessories required for a normal operation.

*Specifications subject to change without previous notice, due to the convenience of improvements of the product.



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