

ISO 9001: Quality Management (for Design, Manufacturing, Commercialization and After-sales service)



(total safety)

Certificates ISO 14001 and ECO. Management and Audit Scheme (environmental management)





With this unit there are several options and possibilities:

- Main items for the Chemical Reactors: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

- Optional items: 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11.

Let us describe first the main items (1 to 6):

① QRUBI. Base Service Unit:

This unit is common for the Chemical Reactors and can work with one or several reactors.

Installation and exchange system of the reactors quick and easy to handle.

It supplies all the services for the operation of each reactor.

Anodized aluminum structure and panels of painted steel. It includes wheels for its mobility.

Main metallic elements of stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

Safety, easy and quick connections.

All elements of this unit are chemically resistant.

This unit is mainly composed of:

Three tanks of 10 I. made of Pyrex-glass: two of them for the reagents and the other one for the product.

Thermostatic bath of 6 l. that regulates the temperature between (T^a_{room} + 5°C) and 70°C. It includes a heating element (power: 600 W), computer controlled. PID control of the temperature.

Three pumps, computer controlled:

Pump to impel the water from the thermostatic bath to the reactor, power: 0.37 KW, max. flow: 80 l./min. to 12.8 m.w.c.

Two dosing pumps, max. flow: 7 l./h.

Temperature sensor type "J" to measure the water temperature of the thermostatic bath in a continuous way.

Conductivity cell and a conductivity meter to measure the product conductivity during the reaction, range: $30 \,\mu$ S/cm – $20 \,\mu$ S/cm. Working temperature: 0-100°C. The software includes a temperature compensation to remove the temperature effect of the conductivity measurement.

Three flow meters to measure the gas and reagents flow:

Flow meter to measure the CO₂ flow, range: 0-1440 NI/h., max. pressure: 0.5 kg/cm².

Flow meter to measure the sodium acetate flow, range: 0.54 - 5.4 l./h.

Flow meter to measure the ethyl acetate flow, range: 0.7-7 l./h.

Two 3-way valves to divert the reagents between the reactor and the reactive tank (bypass). The complete unit includes as well:

Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.

Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.

Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on LabVIEW.

National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).

Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.

Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.

Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.

Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).

Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.

Optional ICAI software to create, edit and carry out practical exercises, tests, exams, calculations, etc.

Apart from monitoring user's knowledge and progress reached.

This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.



② QRUBI/CIB. Control Interface Box:

This control interface is common for the Chemical Reactors and can work with one or several reactors.

The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system.

Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel and with the same distribution

that the different elements located in the unit, for an easy understanding by the student.

All sensors, with their respective signals, are properly manipulated from -10V. To +10V. computer output.

Sensors connectors in the interface have different pines numbers (from 2 to 16), to avoid connection errors.

Single cable between the control interface box and computer.

The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled, without necessity of changes or connections during the whole process test procedure.

Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process. Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

Storage of all the process data and results in a file.

Graphic representation, in real time, of all the process/system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

All the actuators and sensors values and their responses are displayed on only one screen in the computer.

Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.

Real time PID control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the PID parameters, at any moment during the process.

Real time PID and on/off control for pumps, compressors, heating elements, control valves, etc.

Real time PID control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Proportional control, integral control and derivative control, based on the real PID mathematical formula, by changing the values, at any time, of the three control constants (proportional, integral and derivative constants).

Open control allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Possibility of automatization of the actuators involved in the process.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.

③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board:

This board is common for the Chemical Reactors.

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system.

PCI Express Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot. Bus PCI Express.

Analog input:

Number of channels= 16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Input range (V)= ± 10 V. Data transfers=DMA, interrupts, programmed I/0. DMA channels=6.

Analog output:

Number of channels=2. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Maximum output rate up to: 900 KS/s.

Output range(V) = ± 10 V. Data transfers = DMA, interrupts, programmed I/0.

Digital Input/Output:

Number of **channels=24 inputs/outputs**. D0 or DI Sample Clock frequency: 0 to 100 MHz. Timing: Number of **Counter/timers=4**. Resolution: Counter/timers: 32 bits.



DAB



QRQC/CIB

4

QRIA. Isothermal Reactor with Stirrer:

Anodized aluminum structure and panels in painted steel.

Main metallic elements in stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

Safety, easy and quick connections.

All elements of this unit are chemically resistant.

Cylindrical reactor made of Pyrex-glass with water jacket, max. capacity: 2 l., diameter: 100 mm. It includes:

Cover with a gas outlet and a connection for the stirrer.

Water inlet and water outlet for the water jacket, forming a close circuit with the QRUBI Base Service Unit. This allows to keep the temperature inside of the reactor.

Two inlets for the reagents of the reactive tanks of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Two outlets for the products, which are stored in the product tank of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Gas inlet and gas diffuser plate at the bottom of the reactor.

Connection at the bottom of the reactor for the sample collection.

Connection for the conductivity cell of the QRUBI Base Service Unit and connection for a temperature sensor.

Temperature sensor type "J" to measure the temperature inside of the reactor.

Stirrer, computer controlled, power: 50 W., max. speed: 2000 r.p.m.

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

Computer Control Software:

Computer Control+Data Acquisition+Data Management Software for Isothermal Reactor with Stirrer (QRIA).

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems.

Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in the computer screen.

Compatible with the industry standards.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems,

acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.



QRIA



Continue...

QRIA/D. Isothermal Reactor with Distillation:

Anodized aluminum structure and panels in painted steel.

Main metallic elements in stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

Safety, easy and quick connections.

All elements of this unit are chemically resistant.

Cylindrical reactor made of Pyrex-glass with water jacket., max. capacity: 2 l., diameter: 100 mm. It includes:

Cover with a gas outlet and a connection for the stirrer.

Water inlet and water outlet for the jacket, forming a close circuit with the QRUBI Base Service Unit. This allows to keep the temperature inside of the reactor.

Two inlets for the reagents of the reactive tanks of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Two outlets for the products, which are stored in the product tank of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Gas inlet and gas diffuser plate at the bottom of the reactor.

Connection at the bottom of the reactor for the sample collection.

Connection for the conductivity cell of the QRUBI Base Service Unit and connection for a temperature sensor.

Distillation system. It includes:

Distillation column, length: 300 mm., diameter: 30 mm.

Balls condenser, length: 300 mm.

Coil condenser, length: 250 mm.

Vacuum trap, length: 125 mm., diameter: 24 mm.

Graduated funnel, volume: 500 ml.

Vacuum pump (computer controlled) to decrease the mixture boiling temperature.

Four temperature sensors type "J":

Sensor to measure the temperature inside of the reactor.

Two sensors to measure the water temperature in the distillation system.

Sensor to measure the condensed product temperature of the distillation system.

Pressure sensor to measure the pressure inside of the reactor, range: 0-0.34 bar.

Stirrer, computer controlled, power: 50 W., max. speed: 2000 r.p.m.

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

Computer Control Software:

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems.

Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in the computer screen.

Compatible with the industry standards.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time. Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

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QRIA/D



continue...

QRFT. Tubular Flow Reactor:

Anodized aluminum structure and panels in painted steel.

Main metallic elements in stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

Safety, easy and quick connections.

All elements of this unit are chemically resistant.

Reactor with inner coil made of Teflon of 6 mm. of inner diameter. Reactor coil length: 14.5 m. It includes:

Water inlet and water outlet for the jacket, forming a close circuit with the QRUBI Base Service Unit. This allows to keep the temperature inside of the reactor.

3-way valve to divert the product between the sample collection and its analysis with the conductivity cell of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Outlet for the products, situated at the outlet of the conductivity cell, which are stored in the product tank of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Electrical preheater for the reactives. It includes a computer controlled heating element and a thermostat (70°C):

Heating element power: 265 W.

PID control of the reagents temperature.

It includes two inlets for the reagents of the reactive tanks of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Two temperature sensors type "J":

Sensor to measure the jacket water temperature inside of the reactor.

Sensor to control the reagents temperature at the electrical preheater outlet.

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and

Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

Computer Control Software:

Computer Control+Data Acquisition+Data Management Software for Tubular Flow Reactor (QRFT).

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems.

Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in the computer screen.

Compatible with the industry standards.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems,

acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.



QRFT



continue...

QRAD. Adiabatic and Isothermal Reactor:

Anodized aluminum structure and panels in painted steel.

Main metallic elements in stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit. Safety, easy and quick connections.

All elements of this unit are chemically resistant.

Cylindrical reactor made of Pyrex-glass with water jacket., max. capacity: 2 l. , diameter: 100 mm. It includes:

Cover with two connections for the coil and a connection for the stirrer. Two inlets for the reagents of the reactive tanks of the QRUBI Base Service Unit

Two outlets for the products, which are stored in the product tank of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Connection for the conductivity cell of the QRUBI Base Service Unit and connection for a temperature sensor.

Outer jacket made of anodized aluminum. The space between the jacket and the reactor is filled with expanded polyurethane foam.

Nickel plated copper coil, length: 2500 mm., outer diameter: 6.7 mm., inner diameter: 4.1 mm. It includes a water inlet and one water outlet, forming a close circuit with the QRUBI Base Service Unit. This allows to keep the temperature inside of the reactor.

Three temperature sensors type "J":

Sensor to measure the temperature inside of the reactor.

Sensor to measure the water temperature at the coil inlet.

Sensor to measure the water temperature at the coil outlet.

Flow sensor to measure the water flow in the coil, range: 0.25-6.5 l./min.

Stirrer, computer controlled, max. speed: 330 r.p.m.

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

Computer Control Software:

Computer Control+Data Acquisition+Data Management Software for Adiabatic and Isothermal Reactor (QRAD).

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems.

Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in the computer screen.

Compatible with the industry standards.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic

systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's **passwords** to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.



QRAD



continue...

QRSA. Reactors with Stirrer in Series:

Anodized aluminum structure and panels in painted steel.

Main metallic elements in stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

Safety, easy and quick connections.

All elements of this unit are chemically resistant.

Three cylindrical reactor made of Pyrex-glass with water jacket., max. capacity: 1 l. each one., diameter: 100 mm. Each one of the reactors includes:

Cover with a connection for the stirrer.

Water inlet and water outlet for the jacket, forming a close circuit the three reactors with the QRUBI Base Service Unit. This allows to keep the temperature inside of the reactors. Inlets for the reagents.

Outlet for the products. They can circulate through one, two or three reactors before being stored in the product tank of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Connection at the bottom of the reactor for the sample collection.

Connection for a temperature sensor.

Two collectors made of Teflon to divert the reagents between one, two and three reactors. They include one inlet (each one) for the reagents of the reactive tanks of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Collector made of Teflon to collect the reactors products. It includes a connection for the conductivity cell of QRUBI Base Service Unit and an outlet for the products obtained in the reactors, which are stored in the product tank of the QRUBI Base Service Unit.

Stirrer, computer controlled, max. speed: 330 r.p.m. (for each reactor).

Three temperature sensors type "J" to measure the temperature inside of each reactor.

Valves to circulate the reagents and products between the reactors and the outlet.

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

Computer Control Software:

Computer Control+Data Acquisition+Data Management Software for Reactors with Stirrer in Series (QRSA).

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems.

Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in the computer screen.

Compatible with the industry standards.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems,

acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

(5) Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

@ Manuals:

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals for each Chemical Reactor: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.







Practices to be done with the Isothermal Reactor with Stirrer (QRIA):

- 1.- Determining the ionic conductivities.
- 2.- Batch operation. Obtaining the reaction order with respect to the ethyl acetate. Method of initial rates.
- 3.- Batch operation. Obtaining the reaction order with respect to the sodium hydroxide. Method of initial rates.
- 4.- Batch operation. Calculation of the rate constant. Constant sodium hydroxide initial concentration.
- 5.- Batch operation. Calculation of the rate constant. Constant ethyl acetate initial concentration.
- 6.- Rate equation formulation.
- 7.- Batch operation. Variation of the kinetic constant with temperature. Arrhenius equation.
- 8.- Batch operation. Theoretical and experimental conversion comparison. Deviation from ideality.
- 9.- Batch operation. Mixture effects.
- 10.-Continuous operation.
- 11.-Continuous operation. Mixture effects.

Additional practical possibilities:

12.-Sensors calibration.

Practices to be done with Isothermal Reactor with Distillation (QRIA/D):

- 13.-Determination of the ionic conductivities.
- 14.-Batch operation. Obtaining the reaction order with respect to the ethyl acetate. Method of initial rates
- 15.-Batch operation. Obtaining the reaction order with respect to the sodium hydroxide. Method of initial rates.
- 16.-Batch operation. Calculation of the rate constant. Constant sodium hydroxide initial concentration.
- 17.-Batch operation. Calculation of the rate constant. Constant ethyl acetate initial concentration.
- 18.-Rate equation formulation.
- 19.-Batch operation. Variation of the kinetic constant with temperature. Arrhenius equation.
- 20.-Batch operation. Theoretical and experimental conversion comparison. Deviation from ideality.
- 21.-Batch operation. Mixture effects.
- 22.-Continuous operation.
- 23.-Continuous operation. Mixture effects.
- Additional practical possibilities:
- 24.-Sensors calibration.

Practices to be done with the Tubular Flow Reactor (QRFT):

- 25.-Determination of the ionic conductivities.
- 26.-Theoretical conversion of the tubular reactor.
- 27.-Experimental determination of the tubular reactor conversion.
- 28.-Dependence on the residence time.
- 29.-Determination of the reaction order.
- 30.-Dependence of the rate constant and the conversion with the temperature.

Additional practical possibilities:

31.-Sensors calibration.

Practices to be done with the Adiabatic and Isothermal Reactor (QRAD):

- 32.-Determination of the ionic conductivities.
- Batch operation. Obtaining the reaction order with respect to the ethyl acetate. Method of initial rates.
- 34.-Bach operation. Obtaining the reaction order with respect to the sodium hydroxide. Method of initial rates.
- 35.-Batch operation. Calculation of the rate constant. Constant sodium hydroxide initial concentration.
- 36.-Batch operation. Calculation of the rate constant. Constant ethyl acetate initial concentration.
- 37.-Rate equation formulation.
- 38.-Batch operation. Variation of the kinetic constant with temperature. Arrhenius equation.
- 39.-Batch operation. Theoretical and experimental conversion comparison. Deviation from ideality.
- 40- Batch operation. Effect of concentration on conversion.
- 41.-Calculation of the heat transfer coefficient of the coil.
- 42.-Batch operation. Mixing effects.
- 43.-Continuous operation.
- Additional practical possibilities:
- 44.-Sensors calibration.

Practices to be done with the Reactors with Stirrer in Series (QRSA):

- 45.-Determination of the ionic conductivities.
- 46.-Continuous operation with only one reactor.
- 47.-Continuous operation with only one reactor with mixture effects.
- 48.- Continuous operation with the three reactors.
- Additional practical possibilities:
- 49.-Sensors calibration.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

50.-Many students view results simultaneously.

To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

51.-Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 52.-The Computer Control System with SCADA and PID Control allow a real industrial simulation.
- 53.-This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 54.-This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 55.-This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 56.-Control of the unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 57.-Visualization of all the sensors values used in the unit process.
- By using PLC-PI additional 19 more exercises can be done.
- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

- REQUIRED SERVICES -

- Electrical supply: single phase, 220V/50Hz or 110V/60 Hz.
- Water supply and drainage.
- Computer.

RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES (Not included)

-Laboratory materials as: burettes, test tubes, glasses and a 1 $\,$ l. glass flask.

RECOMMENDED COMSUMABLES (Not included)

- -Chemical reagents: ethyl acetate, sodium acetate and sodium hydroxide.
- -Cylinder of carbon dioxide.

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

QRUBI Unit:	
-Dimensions:	700 x 700 x 1100 mm. approx. (27.56 x 27.56 x 43.30 inches approx.).
-Weight:	100 Kg. approx. (220 pounds approx.).
QRIA Unit:	
-Dimensions:	500 x 500 x 1300 mm. approx. (19.68 x 19.68 x 51.18 inches approx.).
-Weight:	50 Kg. approx. (110 pounds approx.).
QRIA/D Unit:	
-Dimensions:	600 x 500 x 1500 mm. approx. (23.62 x 19.68 x 59.05 inches approx.).
-Weight:	70 Kg. approx. (154 pounds approx.).
QRFT Unit:	
-Dimensions:	700 x 500 x 700 mm. approx. (27.56 x 19.68 x 27.56 inches approx.).
-Weight:	70 Kg. approx. (154 pounds approx.).
QRAD Unit:	
-Dimensions:	700 x 400 x 720 mm. approx. (27.56 x 15.74 x 28.34 inches approx.).
-Weight:	70 Kg. approx. (154 pounds approx.).
QRSA Unit:	
-Dimensions:	900 x 500 x 1800 mm. approx. (35.43 x 19.68 x 70.86 inches approx.).
-Weight:	100 Kg. approx. (220 pounds approx.).
Control Interface E	Box:
-Dimensions:	490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx. (19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.).
-Weight:	10 Kg. approx. (22 pounds approx.).

AVAILABLE VERSIONS

Offered in this catalogue:

- QRQC. Computer Controlled Chemical Reactors Training System.

Offered in other catalogues:

- QRC. Computer Controlled Chemical Reactors Trainer.

- QR. Chemical Reactors Trainer.

SOFTWARE MAIN SCREENS



Isothermal Reactor with Stirrer (QRIA) Main Screen



Note: ST= Temperature sensor. SCC= Conductivity sensor. AB= Pump. AR= Heating element. AA= Stirrer.

Software Main Screen



Isothermal Reactor with Distillation (QRIA-D) Main Screen

Note: ST= Temperature sensor. SCC= Conductivity sensor. AB= Pump. AA=Stirrer. AR= Heating element. SP=Pressure sensor.

Tubular Flow Reactor (QRFT) Main Screen



Note: ST= Temperature sensor. SCC= Conductivity sensor. AB= Pump. AR= Heating element.

Software Main Screen





Note: ST= Temperature sensor. SC= Conductivity sensor. SC= Flow sensor. AA= Stirrer. AB= Pump. AR= Heating element.

QRUBI BASE AND SERVICE UNIT AND ELECTRONIC INTERFACE nidad Base, de Servicio e Interface QRSA REACTORS WITH STIRRER IN SERIES SCADA edibon Unid edibon Control a Data Acquisition Softwa SENSORS AB-3 PUMP START SAMPL ST-1 0,0 °C STOP °C ST-2 0,0 R-1 CALIBRATE CONTROL Centrel de Censtel ST-3 0,0 °C TO. AB-2 FUMP **VIEW DATA** ST-4 0,0 °C SAMPLE QUIT P-1-TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION uS P-2-SCC-1 0 C-3 FLOW CONTRO Control of Condu % TEMP. FACTOR ٦ V.9 P-P-I -0 77 MAN CONNECTIONS TO REACTORS MODULES CONNECTIONS TO REACTORS MODULES Conexiones a los módulos de reactores Zoom 🔒 🖬 🖬 🖻 🖻 • -ACTUATORS 8-1 AB-1 AB-2 AB-3 SENSOR PLOT ---0,9-Single Graph $\overline{\nabla}$ AA-3 AA-2 0,8-ST-1 O -0,7-ST-2 0 AR-1 AA-4 ST-3 O 0,6-ST-4 0,5-AMPLITUDE ST-1 Set point 0,4-0 SCC-1 0,3-Automatic Control PID on AR-1 0,2-0,1-Reset Plot 0-3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 2 11 12 ò Enlarge Plot TIME (seconds)

Reactors with Stirrer in Series (QRSA) Main Screen

Note: ST= Temperature sensor. SCC= Conductivity sensor. AB= Pump. AR= Heating element. AA= Stirrer.

Example of	screen
CALIBRA	ATION
Restore Setting Instructor Analog Input Channel ST-1 Sensor Name ST-1 Calibration units °C Full Scale 100 Gain 96,2868 Offset 96,2868 Offset 9-0,216261 Least Squares Fit PTA 10 Volts 0,6729 Calibrated 64,58 ENTER EXIT EXIT & SAVE	Technical Support ACTUATORS AB-1 AR-1 AB-2 AB-2 AB-3 AA-2 PID Constants Visible? Change

Software for Sensors Calibration



- 1.- Control of the particular unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the particular unit process.
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{I}}$.- Calibration of all sensors included in the particular unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the particular unit process.
- 5. Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in
- front the particular unit. (These experiments can be decided previously).
 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases do not exist hardware elements. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrial environment to the process to be studied act.)
- industrialenvironment to the process to be studied, etc). 7.- PLC hardware general use.
- 8.- PLC process application for the particular unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.
- 10.-PLC inputs and outputs configuration.

- 11.-PLC configuration possibilities.
- 12.-PLC program languages.
- PLC different programming standard languages (ladder diagram (LD), structured text (ST), instructions list (IL), sequential function chart (SFC), function block diagram (FBD)).
- 14.-New configuration and development of new process.
- 15.-Hand on an established process.
- 16.-To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the particular unit process.
- 17.-Possibility of creating new process in relation with the particular unit.
- 18.-PLC Programming Exercises.
- 19.-Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements.

b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

⑧ QRQC/ICAI. Interactive Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

This complete software package consists of an Instructor Software (EDIBON Classroom Manager -ECM-SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (EDIBON Student Labsoft -ESL-SOF). Both are interconnected so that the teacher knows at any moment what is the theoretical and practical knowledge of the students.

This software is optional and can be used additionally to items (1 to 6).

-ECM-SOF. EDIBON Classroom Manager (Instructor Software).

ECM-SOF is the application that allows the Instructor to register students, manage and assign tasks for workgroups, create own content to carry out Practical Exercises, choose one of the evaluation methods to check the Student knowledge and monitor the progression related to the planned tasks for individual students, workgroups, units, etc... so the teacher can know in real time the level of understanding of any student in the classroom.

Innovative features:

User Data Base Management.

Administration and assignment of Workgroup, Task and Training sessions.

Creation and Integration of Practical Exercises and Multimedia Resources.

Custom Design of Evaluation Methods.

Creation and assignment of Formulas & Equations.

Equation System Solver Engine.

Updatable Contents.

Report generation, User Progression Monitoring and Statistics.





Manager (Instructor Software) Application main screen

ECAL. EDIBON Calculations Program Package -Formula Editor Screen



Program Package - Student Scores Histogram

ETTE. EDIBON Training Test & Exam Program Package - Main Screen with Numeric Result Question

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Student Software



Main Screen

EPE. EDIBON Practical Exercise Program Package Main Screen



ESL-SOF is the application addressed to the Students that helps them

-ESL-SOF. EDIBON Student Labsoft (Student Software).

to understand theoretical concepts by means of practical exercises and to prove their knowledge and progression by performing tests and calculations in addition to Multimedia Resources. Default planned tasks and an Open workgroup are provided by EDIBON to allow the students start working from the first session. Reports and statistics are available to know their progression at any time, as well as explanations for every exercise to reinforce the theoretically acquired technical knowledge.

Innovative features:

Student Log-In & Self-Registration.

Existing Tasks checking & Monitoring.

Default contents & scheduled tasks available to be used from the first session.

Practical Exercises accomplishment by following the Manual provided by EDIBON.

Evaluation Methods to prove your knowledge and progression.

Test self-correction.

Calculations computing and plotting.

Equation System Solver Engine.

User Monitoring Learning & Printable Reports.

Multimedia-Supported auxiliary resources.

For more information see **ICAI** catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/ICAI.pdf

③ QRQC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.

Faults Simulation System (FSS) is a Software package that simulates several faults in any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit. It is useful for Technical and Vocational level.

The "FAULTS" mode consists in causing several faults in the unit normal operation. The student must find them and solve them. There are several kinds of faults that can be grouped in the following sections:

Faults affecting the sensors measurement:

- An incorrect calibration is applied to them.
- Non-linearity.
- Faults affecting the actuators:
- Actuators channels interchange at any time during the program execution.
- Response reduction of an actuator.
- Faults in the controls execution:
- Inversion of the performance in ON/OFF controls.
- Reduction or increase of the calculated total response.
- The action of some controls is annulled.
- On/off faults:
- Several on/off faults can be included.

For more information see **FSS** catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/FSS.pdf

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Mini ESN.

EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System

Base Service Unit (QRUBI)

nstructors

Central Computer

LOCAL NET FOR 30 STUDENTS

1 UNIT = up to 30 STUDENTS can work simultaneously

Software for: - Computer Control - Data Acquisition

Note: The Mini ESN

controlled unit

system can be used with any EDIBON computer

Data Management

Mini Scada-Net

Software

c) Multipost Expansions options

5 available Chemical Reactors

> Control Interface Box

OPEN CONTROL

MULTICONTROL

REAL TIME CONTROL

MULTI STUDENT POST

1 Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.

Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously.

It is useful for both, Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education.

The Mini ESN system consists of the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit. Then, the number of possible users who can work with the same unit is higher than in an usual way of working (usually only one).

Main characteristics:

- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

For more information see Mini ESN catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/Mini-ESN.pdf

1) ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

This unit can be integrated, in the future, into a Complete Laboratory with many Units and many Students.

For more information see **ESN** catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/units/chemicalengineering/esn-chemicalengineering/ESN-CHEMICAL_ENGINEERING.pdf

Example of some screens

<u>Items always supplied as minimum configuration</u> <u>Common items for the Chemical Reactors:</u>

- **QRUBI.** Base Service Unit. (Common for the Chemical Reactors and can work with one or several reactors)
- ② QRQC/CIB. Control Interface Box. (Common for the Chemical Reactors and can work with one or several reactors).
- ③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board. (Common for the Chemical Reactors).

④ Chemical Reactors

QRIA. Isothermal Reactor with Stirrer, and/or

QRIA/D. Isothermal Reactor with Distillation, and/or

QRFT. Tubular Flow Reactor, and/or

QRAD. Adiabatic and Isothermal Reactor, and/or

QRSA. Reactors with Stirrer in Series.

(5) Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

6 Manuals.

Additional and Optional items

a) Industrial configuration

- PLC. Industrial Control using PLC (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):
 - PCL-PI. PLC Module.
 - QRQC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software.

b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

- ③ QRQC/ICAI. Interactive Computer Aided Instruction Software System.
- **(9)** QRQC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.

c) <u>Multipost Expansions options</u>

- Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.
- 🛈 ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

* Specifications subject to change without previous notice, due to the convenience of improvement of the product.



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Edition: ED01/17 Date: February/2017 REPRESENTATIVE